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Mahatma Plans To Repeat Calcutta Experiment?

"I Must Apply Do-Or-Die Formula To Delhi"

Appeal To Miscreants To Stay Their Hands

GANDHIJI NOT TO LEAVE FOR PUNJAB UNTIL INDIA'S CAPITAL IS NORMAL

New Delhi, September 9.

Mahatma Gandhi in a statement tonight, said that he must apply the old formula 'do or die' to the capital of India and asked all those who were engaged in the senseless murder, arson and loot to stay their hands.

SAD STATE OF THINGS

The statement said: "Man proposes, God disposes has come true often enough in my life time as it must have done with many others. I knew nothing about the sad state of things in Delhi when I left Calcutta on Sunday last.

On reaching Delhi I have been listening the whole day long to the tale of woe that is Delhi today. I saw several Muslim friends who recited their pathetic story. I heard enough to warn me that I must not leave Delhi for the Punjab until it had regained its former self. I must do my little bit to calm the heated atmosphere. I must apply the old formula 'do or die' to the capital of India.

ANGER IS SHORT MADNESS

"I am glad to be able to say that the residents of Delhi do not want the senseless destruction that is going on. I am prepared to understand the anger of the refugees whom fate has driven from Western Punjab. But anger is short madness. It can only make matters worse in every way. Retaliation is no remedy. It makes the original disease much worse. I therefore ask all those who are engaged in the senseless murder, arson and loot to stay their hands.

GIVE GOVT. A CHANCE

The Central Government, the ablest, most courageous and most self-sacrificing team that the Union could produce, have not been in the saddle for even a month after the declaration of Indian independence. It is criminal and suicidal not to give them a chance to set the house in order. I am fully aware of the shortage of food. Mob rule is dislocating everything making distribution of foodstuffs all but impossible. May God restore peace to distracted Delhi.

I would close with the hope that Calcutta will fulfill the promise made on my departure and which sustains me in the midst of the surrounding madness.

GANDHIJI IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9. (API): Mahatma Gandhi and party arrived here this morning from Calcutta. Mahatma Gandhi detrained at Shadra station, ten miles from Delhi, where he was received by Sardar Vallabhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister and Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister. The party drove to Birla house.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister, called on Mahatma Gandhi immediately on his arrival. The Prime Minister was followed by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Education Minister.

GANDHIJI MEETS MOUNTBATTEN

Mahatma Gandhi met the Governor-General, Lord Mountbatten, this evening and remained with His Excellency for some time.

NEHRU CALLS ON MAHATMA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru called on Mahatma Gandhi this evening and remained with him for sometime.

REPORT ON HEALTH

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9 (U.P.I.): Enquiries made by the United Press of India reveal that since breaking the fast Gandhiji's general health is good though he will take some more days to gain full strength. He stood well the journey from Calcutta to Delhi.

NEW COMMITTEE FORMED IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): The Emergency Committee of the Cabinet at its meeting to-day directed that a committee consisting of the army, police, civil administration and representatives of voluntary bodies be set up to co-ordinate all activities for the maintenance of law and order in Delhi and for relief work, says a Press 'communique'.

This committee is to be known as the Delhi Committee and its representative will report daily to the Cabinet Emergency Committee.

The Committee authorised that intending passengers on trains might be searched for arms before embarking on journey.

The Ministry of Home Affairs was invited to direct all departments of the Government of India to remain open on Sundays and public holidays till further notice.

In Imitation Of Mahatma

SAVANNAH, (Georgia,) Sept 8. (U.P.A.): Seventy-three-year-old Mrs. Anna E. Boyer compared herself with Mahatma Gandhi today as she entered the fifth day of her "fast to the death" against the rent control law.

Mrs. Boyer, who described herself as the "forgotten American", went on a hunger strike from Thursday protesting that her rent income doesn't give her sufficient funds to buy groceries. She has been unable to obtain rent increases from the Savannah rent control board.

"Me and Gandhi," she said. "I hope I die before my bones stick out."

Nehru At Ration Shop

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): Like everyone else in riot-stricken Delhi, India's Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, was short of food rations to-day.

His servant, along with many others, standing in a queue in front of a grain shop in Hastings Road was told that he could not be served owing to shortage of supplies. He went back but returned to the shop with the Prime Minister.

Pandit Nehru remonstrated with the owner of the shop and insisted that every ration-card holder in the queue must be given rations out of whatever supplies were available on his premises.

Out came the supplies and the Prime Minister and the people in the queue got their rations.

Socialists To Quit Congress?

Final Decision At A. I. C. C. Session

LUCKNOW, Sept. 9. (U.P.I.): The United Press of India authoritatively learns that the question of the Socialist Party of India's severing connection with the Congress is now practically settled.

The final decision was to be taken at the Nagpur meeting of the National Executive of the Socialist Party, but as talks between leaders of the Party and the Congress High Command had not reached a conclusive stage, it had been deferred till the A. I. C. C. meeting at Bombay.

As Dr. Lohia put it, there are three points to be placed before the A. I. C. C. session namely the aim of the Congress, omissions and commissions of the Government and the organisational aspect of the Congress and the Government.

Circles in close touch with Socialist leaders contend that Sardar Patel's offer to them to join the Congress Ministries is not tempting enough.

It may be recalled that there are two schools of thought within the National Executive of the Socialist Party. One, which carries with it the majority, is for quitting the Congress here and now and the other a minority, contends that the Congress has got inherent possibilities of putting into execution the Socialist programmes. So, this section is of opinion that a great organisation like the Congress should not be weakened by their severance of connection with it.

However, it is definite that the Socialists' stand would crystalise after the A.I.C.C. in Bombay when the National Executive of the Party will take a momentous decision on this issue.

CENTRAL ORGANISATION FOR GUJERAT STATES

BARODA, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): A meeting of the Gujerat States workers, held here yesterday under the presidentship of Darbar Gopaldas Desai, decided to set up a central organisation for the States in Gujerat, consisting of the people's representatives from the different States.

This organisation, to be known as the Gujerat States' People's Conference, it is understood, will work in co-operation with the Office of the States Ministry in Baroda and will help to co-ordinate activities of common interest for the Gujerat States.

Darbar Gopaldas Desai has been elected President of the Conference.

U. P. Cabinet Expanded

Re-Allocation Of Portfolios: Two More Ministers Taken

LUCKNOW Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): The long awaited expansion and re-allocation of portfolios in the U. P. Cabinet was officially announced to-day. Besides filling two vacancies caused by the appointment of Dr. K. N. Katju as Governor of Behar and Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai as Minister in the Government of India, two more Ministers have been added. This brings the strength of the Ministry from nine to eleven.

The Ministers who were sworn in to-day are (1) Srikrishna Dutta Pallival, (2) Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri (3) Mr. C. R. Gupta and Mr. Keshodeo Malavia.

Three Parliamentary Secretaries have been promoted to the Cabinet rank. They are Mr. C. B. Gupta, Mr. L. L. Bahadur Shastri and Mr. Kesho Deo Malaviya. The fourth Minister, Shri Krishna Dutta Pallival, who is Leader and Founder of the Congress Kisan Mazdoor Proja Party, is not a member of the U. P. Legislature.

After the swearing in ceremony, the new Ministers joined an important meeting of the Cabinet.

PORTFOLIOS.

The portfolios distributed among the 11 Ministers are as follows:—

1. Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Premier (General Administration and Appointments).
2. Hafiz Mohammad Ibrahim (Public Works, Irrigation, Electricity).
3. Mr. Sampurnanand (Education, Labour, Eclesiastical including Shri Badrinath Temple and Charitable Endowments etc., excepting Waqfs, Economic and Statistics).
4. Thakur Hukam Singh (Revenue, Forests, Judicial and Legislative).
5. Mr. N. A. Sherwani (Agriculture and Animal Husbandry).
6. Chaudhury Girdharilal (Excise, Stamps and Jails).
7. Mr. A. G. Kher (Local Self Government and Health).
8. Mr. C. B. Gupta, (Food and Civil Supplies).
9. Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri (Police and Transport).
10. Mr. Keshodeo Malaviya (Development and Industries) and
11. Shri Krishna Dutta Pallival (Finance and Public Information).

INDIA'S LINGUISTIC DILEMMA

MANCHESTER, Sept. 8. (Reuter): The influential Liberal "Manchester Guardian" today raised the issue of the cultural and political significance of language where it affects the future of Indian civilisation.

The paper asks: "If all the different languages are to continue to flourish in India, what chance will there be of maintaining the unity of the country?

The "Guardian" adds: "The new Central Government of India may, therefore, seen to encourage the use of a single language as the main literary vehicle. Yet, if it does this, it must do injury to many millions of its subjects. Though there are exceptions, writers are usually more vital and creative in their mother tongue than in a 'lingua franca'. Thus India faces a dilemma. Culture pulls one way, political safety another".

Chiang Calls For Unity

Address To Kuomintang On "Gravest Period Of History"

SHANGHAI, Sept. 9. (Reuter): Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek, the Chinese President, called for unity to crush "our greatest enemies, the Chinese Communists" and complete the work of the National Revolution, when he opened the fourth plenary session of the Kuomintang (Government Party) Central Executive Committee here today.

In a 40-minute address to 400 members of the Kuomintang Party, of which he is the Director-General and the San Min Chui Youth, of which he is the leader, the Generalissimo urged an effective merger of the two bodies to cope with "the gravest period in the history of the Kuomintang".

NO ROOM FOR COMMUNISM

He added that the Communists had strengthened their military forces in the last year, but Communism was contrary to popular wishes and there was no room for it in the country.

The Generalissimo criticised members for corruption, low morale and a "degenerating spirit" which, he said, had brought disgrace to his leadership and caused him to fail Dr. Sun Yat Sen.

He expressed "great sorrow" that the work of revolutionary patriots had not been completed. The nation was not unified and the people's safety not secured.

Urging that there should be no postponement of the general elections fixed for the autumn, he said the party's policy was to democratise the Government, realise constitutional rule, and return political power to the people as soon as possible.

The Generalissimo nominated 11 members to the Presidium, 6 from the Kuomintang, including Dr. Sun Fo, Vice-President of the Republic, the other five seats being given to five Youth Corps leaders.

Members of the Committee heard at the first regular meeting reports on party affairs by General Wutechen, Secretary General, on the political situation by General Chang Chun, Prime Minister, and on military matters by General Pai Chung Hsi, National Defence Minister.

The conference was expected to last five days, and it will be closed to the press.

U. S. NAVAL MANOEUVRES IN THE PACIFIC

HONOLULU, Sept. 9 (UPA). Twenty-four hundred United States marines will practice amphibious landings on the China coast on naval manoeuvres during the next six months, Lieutenant-General Allen Turnage, Commander of the Fleet Forces in the Pacific announced today.

They will be among the 7,000 marines who will take part in manoeuvres designed to bring them to pre-war peak combat efficiency. The landings are scheduled for late September or early October.

Another 18,000 marines will take part in practice operations at San Diego in November and 3,000 in the Guam area next spring.

Marine air units and navy fleet units will also participate, according to Turnage, who returned here Monday from a tour of the Far East.

TURKISH PREMIER RESIGNS

LONDON, Sept. 9 (Reuter): It was officially announced to-day that M. Recep Peker, the Turkish Prime Minister, had offered his resignation for health reasons to President, Inonu, Ankara Radio reported.

HASSAN SAKA APPOINTED PREMIER OF TURKEY

LONDON, Sept. 9. (Reuter): President Ineunu has accepted the resignation of Mr. Recep Peker, the Turkish Prime Minister, and appointed Mr. Hassan Saka, Minister of Foreign Affairs, as the new Premier, an official announcement quoted by Ankara radio said to-day.

It has been expected that Mr. Peker, who resigned for health reasons, would continue in office until next month's National Congress of the Peoples Party at which future policy would be decided and future leadership of the party discussed.

Govt. To Deal With Riots On War Basis

Pandit Nehru's Broadcast To The Nation

APPEAL FOR CO-OPERATION TO BUILD A FREE AND PROSPEROUS INDIA

New-Delhi September 9 (API)

The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, in a broadcast on the communal disturbances said: "We are dealing with a situation which is analogous to war and we are going to deal with it on a war basis in every sense of the word."

"There is going to be no loosening in future in dealing with this situation," he added.

COMPLAINTS AGAINST ARMY

Stating that he had heard complaints about the Army and Police that they were not impartial and that instead of being doers they had been just active lookers on, the Prime Minister said: "If a person is in a responsible position, whether civil or military, and he fails to do his duty, he has no business to be there and he has to suffer for the consequences of neglect of his duty. There can be no weakness about this because we are playing with the lives not only of large numbers of human beings but with the life of a nation, of India whom we have loved so long and whom we have served so long, and it is an impossible thing for us to see evil men or men of evil intentions wrecking the work of a life-time or a generation."

"VERY SERIOUS CRISIS"

Describing the situation as "a very serious crisis", Pandit Nehru said, "I have little doubt that in a military or police sense we shall overcome it soon. Indeed, the military are still masters of the situation and they will be still more masters very soon. Of that I have little doubt. But, surely, we are not going to live in India just with the help of the military without any self-restraint and to desist from evil deeds just because of what the Police or Military might do to us."

He appealed to "all people of goodwill and good intentions and all those who have any hopes of a free and prosperous India, to help us in this business."

IMMEDIATE TASK

"During the last three weeks," said Pandit Nehru, "I have wandered about West Punjab and East Punjab

(Continued On Page 5)

PAKISTAN CABINET MEETS

Decision On Protection Of Muslim Minorities In E. Punjab

KARACHI, Sept. 9. (A. P. I.): Quaid-i-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan, presided over an emergency meeting of the Pakistan Cabinet this morning. The meeting lasted more than two and a half hours, and it is learned that important decisions relating to the protection of Muslim minorities in Delhi and East Punjab were taken.

Lord Ismay is now expected to arrive in Karachi from New Delhi by air on Thursday.

CHINA TO ALLY WITH RUSSIA AGAINST REVIVAL OF JAPANESE EMPIRE

NANKING, Sept 9. (Reuter): General Chang Chun, the Chinese Premier told a closed session of the Kuomintang (Government Party) Central Executive Committee to-day that China would "side with Soviet Russia" in opposing any revival of the Japanese Empire.

He also told the members that the Government was considering the dispatch of warships and aircraft to Indonesia for the protection of Chinese residents there.

Heavy Agenda For Bombay Assembly Session

19 Official And 2 Non-Official Bills For Discussion: R. G. Soman For Council Presidentship

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

POONA, September 9.

THE AUTUMN SESSION OF THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY IS COMMENCING HERE TOMORROW AFTERNOON WITH A HEAVY AGENDA OF 19 DIFFERENT OFFICIAL BILLS BESIDES TWO NON-OFFICIAL ONES. OF THESE THE BILL FOR THE CONSOLIDATION OF HOLDINGS WHICH HAS EMERGED FROM THE SELECT COMMITTEE IS PERHAPS THE MOST FAR-REACHING IN SCOPE IN TERMS OF RURAL ECONOMY OF THE PROVINCE.

TEMPLE ENTRY BILL

The Bill providing for the Temple-entry of Harijans which has also emerged from the Select Committee with only minor changes is the logical conclusion of a similar measure passed last year enforcing the entry of Harijans into secular institutions. While only an inconspicuous group of Vaishnavites are the only opponents of this Bill, the Bill to amend and consolidate Law of Rent Control is likely to provoke great opposition both inside and outside the Chamber.

BONE OF CONTENTION

It will be recalled that a similar Bill was gazetted for introduction at the last session of the Assembly but actually did not come up before the House. The provision enabling a landlord to get possession of premises not only for his "bona fide" use but that for a number of his relatives and dependents is likely to prove the chief bone of contention.

Other interesting measures to come up are the Poona University Bill and the Warehouse Bill which will prove beneficent to agriculturists enabling them to get credit against grain stocks held by them in licensed warehouses.

Among non-official measures is a brief and significant Bill sponsored by Mrs. Lilavati Munshi seeking to make offences under Child Marriage Restraint (Sarda) Act cognisable.

COUNCIL'S PRESIDENT

The Executive of the Congress Party in the Legislature met this evening with Premier Kher in the chair and decided to put up Mr. R. G. Soman, Deputy President of the Legislative Council, as the Party's candidate for the Presidentship of the Council in the place of Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa now Governor of the Central Provinces. Mr. Soman is a leading lawyer of Satara and a Congressman of very long standing.

The Assembly League Party also met under the presidentship of Mr. A. A. Khan, Leader, and considered the Party's attitude to various measures to come up before the Assembly.

STOP PRESS

NEHRU LEAVES FOR SONEPTAT.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): India's Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, left this afternoon for Soneptat, about 35 miles north of Delhi, where disturbances were reported a few days ago.

COCHIN CHINA CABINET RESIGNS

PARIS, Sept. 9. (Reuter): The Cabinet of Cochin China, the year-old autonomous Republic in French Indo-China claimed by Indo-Chinese Nationalists as part of Vietnam, has resigned, according to a French News Agency report.

PAKISTAN'S MINISTRY FOR REFUGEES.

KARACHI, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): A new Ministry for Refugees has been created. The decision was reached at the Pakistan Cabinet meeting to-day. A communique says that Mr. Fazlur Rahman has been assigned to the new portfolio in addition to the Portfolio of the Interior which he holds at present.

INDONESIAN PROBLEM

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9 (U. P. A.): Acting Governor-General of the Netherlands East Indies Hubertus Van Mook told the Press that he holds little, if any, hope for a United Nations settlement of the Indonesian problem. He said the only means he could see was further Dutch 'police action to eliminate armed groups."

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.

Previous Closing	31.00
Today's Opening	31.01
Difference	+01
Today's Closing	31.36
Difference	+36

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Sept. 9

	Rs.
Cotton Jarila Sept.	424 4
Cotton Jarila Jan.	457 0
Silver Shravan	170 6
Gold Forward	110 7

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Rest Of India Win By Nine Wickets

MANKAD—GUL MOHOMED COMBINATION PROVIDES EXCITING CRICKET

MAHARASTRA XI (First Innings)	..	..	..	128
REST OF INDIA XI (First Innings)	..	..	..	275
MAHARASTRA XI (Second Innings)	..	..	..	247
REST OF INDIA XI (Second Innings) for 1 wicket	..	..	..	102

POONA, Sept. 9, (A.P.I.): Racing against clock today the Rest of India won their match against Maharastra XI by nine wickets scoring 102 runs, required for victory, in 56 minutes only four minutes before stumps were due to be drawn for the day.

DEODHAR'S PERFORMANCE

Maharastra's remaining four wickets pushed the side's total to 247 before their innings closed at tea time. A faultless century by Hazare, who was the last man out, a sedate innings of 30 by left-hander Rangnekar and a good knock of 37 by Prof. D. B. Deodhar—his last innings in first-class cricket, gave Maharastra a fighting chance to force a draw from what appeared a certain defeat at one stage. Deodhar's innings was reminiscent, though distantly, of his one-time mastery of the game. He produced all his well-known strokes, but there was no firmness behind them a sign of his advancing age.

EXCITING GAME

It was obvious from the very beginning when Mankad and Gul Mohomed came out to open the second innings of the Rest of India that they were out to snatch a victory if possible and the large number of spectators were treated to fast and exciting cricket for the last one hour of the match.

DETAILS OF FINAL DAY

Rangnekar and Hazare came out to continue the innings of Maharashtra when play was resumed this morning 50 minutes late on the final day of the Deodhar farewell match.

The wicket played easy and both batsmen dug themselves in to play a confident though slow game. Hazare glanced Amir Elahi, who opened the India attack, for three to open his account and then square-cut him for a four.

Vinoo Mankad himself bowled from the other end and Rangnekar got a single off him. Hundred was reached after 53 minutes' play this morning, and then Mankad made the first bowling change bringing in Phadkar in place of Elahi. The change met with immediate success, Rangnekar stopping a straight one from the fast bowler with his pads. (107/7/30).

The ball had kept very low. Rangnekar's unusually patient innings lasted 78 minutes, during which time he did not reach the ropes even once.

DEODAR JOINS HAZARE.

Skipper Deodhar joined Hazare amidst cheers and square-cut Phadkar for a single. He then glanced Phadkar to send 110 on board and a beautiful on-drive by Hazare off Mankad gave Maharashtra 120.

Hazare reached his 50 after 92 minutes' play and at lunch-time Hazare and Deodhar were batting with 53 and 10 to their credit, respectively, with the Maharashtra's total standing at 134 for 7. Deodhar was dropped by Gul Mohamed at square-leg off Mankad when his total was 10.

The interest in the game had practically died down when Hazare and Deodhar came out after lunch to face Phadkar and Mankad.

After 20 minutes Elahi replaced Phadkar and Hazare sent up his individual 60 with a glance for two. He repeated the stroke to make up Maharashtra's first innings deficit of 147. Maharashtra had then played for 215 minutes.

The score slowly mounted as both batsmen settled down and Deodhar, pushing the ball past Elahi, sent up Maharashtra's 200 amidst cheers.

HAZARE'S CENTURY.

Hazare then turned one to the leg to register his 100 in 160 minutes. He had played quite fast after lunch. A little later Deodhar was out in trying to cut Elahi through the slips, where Adhikari held him safely. Deodhar's 91 minutes' partnership with Hazare yielded 114 runs, 37 of them coming from his bat.

The innings closed at 247 when Hazare was bowled off his pads while facing Mankad. Hazare's score of 124 included seven fours.

Vinoo Mankad and Gul Mohomed came out to open the Rest of India second innings to the bowling of Sohoni and Gzali.

Requiring 101 runs in 60 minutes for a victory, both batsmen opened out straightway. Gul Mohomed was the more aggressive of the two and, making powerful strokes, sent up 50 on board after the innings had lasted 28 minutes, Gul's share being 29.

At this stage Deodhar brought on Rege in place of Ghazali and Gul Mohomed in trying to hit him on the leg skied the ball. But a misunderstanding between younger Deodhar and Ghazali on the field gave Gul Mohomed a life. Forty minutes of play saw 70 go on board.

Shinde came on in place of Sohoni and Gul Mohomed drove him for a two to send his individual 40. Two runs later in trying to get a run, Gul Mohomed was run out, Deodhar knocking off the stumps at the bowlers end from the third man's position, (34/1/46).

Amir Elahi came out to join the skipper and the required number of runs was scored with only four minutes to go for the close of play.

SCORES: MAHARASHTRA XI

(2ND INNINGS CONTINUED).

M. R. Rege, c. F. Mahmood, b. Nayudu	17
P. G. Joshi, c. Elahi, b. F. Mahmud	4
S. W. Sohoni, c. Patwardhan, b. Elahi	12
M. N. Paranjpye, l.b.w. b. Elahi	1
K. M. Rangnekar, l.b.w. b. Phadkar	30
M. E. Z. Ghazali, l.b.w. b. Mankad	0
S. D. Deodhar, l.b.w. b. Elahi	2
V. S. Hazare, b. Mankad	124
D. B. Deodhar, c. Adhikari, b. Elahi	37
S. G. Shinde, b. Elahi	4
D. S. Doctor (not out)	4
Extras	12
Total	247

Fall of wickets: 1 for 12; 2 for 27; 3 for 34; 4 for 35; 5 for 35; 6 for 44; 7 for 107; 8 for 221; 9 for 233 and 10 for 247.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

D. G. Phadkar 14/3/33/1; F. Mahmud 7/3/12/1; Amir Elahi 24/1/80/5; C. S. Nayudu 1/0/6/1; Vinoo Mankad 19.4/6/45/2; G. Kishenchand 8/0/46/0; M. K. Patwardhan 2/0/13/0.

REST OF INDIA: 2ND INNINGS

Gul Mohomed run out	46
Vinoo Mankad not out	42
Amir Elahi not out	8
Extras	6
Total for one wicket	102

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

S. W. Sohoni 5/0/33/0; M. E. Gzali 3/0/24/0; M. R. Regi 3.2/0/24/0; S. G. Shinde 2/0/15/0.

Philita Annexes Governor's Cup

Khade Scores Grand Double

(From Our Racing Correspondent.)

POONA, Sept. 9.

To-day at Poona on the Governor's Cup Day punters failed to fare well with favourites and outsiders alternating; but their losses were not so much as on last Saturday.

Pandu Khade in the Governor's Cup steered in Philita in an excellent fashion when scoring by three big lengths from the late finishing Gipsy Moon. He also rode a remarkable race on Begum Chitor, winner of the second division of the Secunderabad Plate.

The even money favourite, Queen of Gwalior, was in the front from Flagfall and appeared like prevailing till the Members' Stand, but Khade made a tremendous effort thereafter, and had a length to spare when passing the post. Two objections were raised again this time, of which one was upheld and the other overruled. Boops Fancy, who ran close third in the first division of Hoyt Plate, was the most impressive runner of the day.

THE SECUNDERABAD PLATE (Div. III)—Distance 1 Mile.

Maharaja of Gwalior's PATE DE FOI 8-7 S. Chavan 1
Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Wadia's LOCH MAIDEN 8-7 (B. Khalil 2
Mr. Osman Chotani's PLUCKY PRINCESS 8-7 Fahad 3
Mr. Osman Chotani's PADSHAH BEGUM 8-7 Narayan Singh .. 4
Not run: Queen's Cup.
Won by Sh.-Hd., 5 lengths, 7 lengths.
Time: 1 min. 47 2/5 secs.
Tote paid for Win Rs. 35. Places Rs. 15, Rs. 13 and Rs. 26.
Winner trained by Maj. V. M. Lad.

THE SECUNDERABAD PLATE Division II—Distance 1 mile.

Rao Saheb D. K. Parker's BEGUM CHITOR 8-7 P. Khade 1
Maharaja of Gwalior's QUEEN OF GWALIOR 8-7 Roberts 2
Mr. B. R. Gupta's DOLLY 8-7 Poshni 3
Mr. Noshir M. Patel's NICOTINE 8-7 Duffy 4
Won by: 1 length, 6 lengths, Hd.
Not run: Royal Blessings.
Time: 1 minute 46 1/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 70. Places Rs. 17, Rs. 14 and Rs. 27.

THE PROBYNABAD PLATE—Distance 1 mile

M/s. G. R. Kolte and Rao Saheb D. B. Bhilare's STAR OF MAHAD 9-0 Dasrath Singh 1
Mr. G. A. Jasdanwalla's TORRENT 7-6 Tassi 2
Mrs. A. L. J. Talib's DULHAN 9-4 G. Chavan 3
Mr. P. B. Avasia's LALAJI 8-8 Shiba 4
Won by: Hd., Nk.
Not run: French Prior, Navvara, Maharukh, Daisy Tripper.
Time: 1 minute 47 4/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 69. Places Rs. 32, Rs. 134 and Rs. 33.

THE A. HOYT PLATE Division I—Distance 6 furlongs.

Maharaja of Gwalior's SNEHPRABHA 9-2 Roberts 1
Rao Saheb D. K. Parker's PAPER KING 8-11 P. Khade 2
Maharani Chimnabai's BOOP'S FANCY 9-0 M. Eude 3
Maharaja of Kashmir's PRIME MINISTER 8-9 Davis 4
Won by: Shd., Shd., Hd.
Not run: High Command, Black Page, Necklace.
Time: 1 minute 16 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 35. Places Rs. 14, Rs. 15 and Rs. 18.

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP—Distance about 1 1/2 miles.

Mrs. Habib I. Rahimtoola's PHILITA 8-5 P. Khade 1
Mr. A. A. Suterwala's GIPSY MOON 8-5 McQuade 2
Mrs. K. M. Modi's DRAGON SEED 8-2 West 3
Maharaja of Kashmir's DEV KUMAR 7-10 R. Shinde 4
Won by: 3 lengths, 2 lengths, 3/4 length.
Not run: Army and Navy.
Time: 2 minutes 38 2/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 67. Places Re. 22, Rs. 30 and Rs. 20.

THE TRIAL PLATE—Distance 1 mile.

Maharaja of Kashmir's FLYING HOME 8-4 Davis 1
Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Wadia's MUBARAK 8-2 B. Khalil 2
M/s. F. G. Travers and V. Rosenthal's GIPSY GEM 7-13 McQuade 3
Mrs. Justice's REDBAY 8-3 Duffy 4
Won by: Shd., 1 length, 3/4 length.
Not run: Jaiwant, Bramford.
Time: 1 minute 44 1/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 78. Places Rs. 26, Rs. 39 and Rs. 17.

THE SECUNDERABAD PLATE Division I—Distance 1 mile.

Mr. Dawoodbhoy Esoufally's LADY CLEOPATRA 8-7 Duffy 1
Maharaja of Gwalior's INDRA MOHINI 8-7 Roberts 2
M/s. Gopaldas Udhavdas and Beharilal Dholandas's SOHNI 8-7 McQuade 3
Mr. B. A. Inglet's BLUE LOTUS 8-7 Cunningham 4
Won by: 1 length, 3 lengths, 4 lengths
All ran.
Time: 1 minute 45 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 36. Places Rs. 12, Rs. 12 and Rs. 12.

THE A. HOYT PLATE Division II—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. A. J. Wadia's TOMCAT 8-12 Kheem Singh 1
Mr. R. K. F. Singh's DU BARRY 7-9 Kasbekar 2
Rao Saheb D. K. Parker's GEORGIE 8-11 P. Khade 3
Maharaja of Gwalior's RAJ NARTAKI 8-9 S. Chavan 4
Not run: Full House.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 37. Places Rs. 14, Rs. 16 and Rs. 14.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY ENACTED AT COOPERAGE FOOTBALL GROUND

(By J. C. MAITRA)

A terrible tragedy of an unprecedented character in the history of sport in Bombay—and perhaps the whole country.—was enacted at the Cooperage football ground on Sunday evening. Thousands of football fans had gathered at the old venue to witness the trial of strength between the famous Mohun Bagan of Calcutta and the celebrated South Staffords Regiment in the quarter-finals of the premier soccer tournament of Western India—the Rovers Cup. Fortunately the clerk of the weather had held his hands for the day. So the prospects of a thrilling encounter and a dazzling display were exceedingly bright.

MEWALAL SCORES—THE CAUSE!

Mohun Bagan turned-out barefooted to a man to exploit the favourable situation to its utmost capacity. And as was expected, they took charge of the attacking operations right from the kick-off. They attacked—and attacked vigorously and persistently—the military goal, but it took them nearly 25 minutes to penetrate their citadel. The Infantrymen defended their fortress with all their zeal and resourcefulness. But the inherent superiority of the Indian players prevailed in the end. It was Mewalal again, Mohun Bagan's brilliant inside-right, who scored the goal. The joy of the spectators knew no bounds. They clapped and shouted, danced and jumped with unbounded enthusiasm and hilarity.

UNFORTUNATE COLLAPSE OF STAND

It was then the unfortunate calamity occurred. With no warning whatsoever a stand in the southern side of the ground with about 800 spectators on it suddenly collapsed to the ground like a house of cards. Oh the horror of it! There were men, women and children of all ages who were enmeshed in the broken planks and frames. People ran frantically to their rescue. Doctors and 'nurses,' St. John Ambulance and Salvage men were seen on the spot to attend to the injured. Many of the injured—I believe there were about 125 in all—were sent to the hospitals in Ambulance cars as promptly as possible. It is most regrettable that one of the victims of the mishap has died since.

SIMILAR ACCIDENTS

I remember when Mohun Bagan first came here in 1923, a similar accident occurred but it was of a very minor nature. It took place during their final match against the Durham Light Infantry. Just when they drew first flood against the soldiers, a big branch of the old banyan tree still standing at the south-east corner of the ground, crashed down with a load of 40 or 50 people. Fortunately, however, nobody was seriously injured.

The other occasion when a stand collapsed at the Cooperage was in 1940 or so. But then the stand was incomplete. And the spectators had occupied it despite notices all round forbidding its use. I do not remember any other occasion of a similar nature during the last 35 years of my connection with Bombay sport.

A DEPLORABLE SCENE

Now I turn to a most deplorable scene. Hardly were the injured extricated from the debris and attended to, crowds gathered near the Committee Stand and the Club House and demanded refund of their ticket money. The reason was that the match has unavoidably abandoned! I cannot imagine a more heartless and callous behaviour on the part of people who want to be labelled sportsmen. They were more concerned about the few annas they had paid to get in than the lives of the injured people. Actually they had enjoyed half the game. However that may be, there was not the least justification for their brutal attitude. They certainly made the task of the authorities exceedingly difficult and hampered their immediate duties greatly.

WHAT SYMPATHY, WHAT GENEROSITY!

Even though I announced on behalf of the Committee that they would be given free admission at the replay, they would not disperse. They demanded that the gate-receipts of the day should be given away to the victims of the disaster. What sympathy, what generosity these men exhibited! They seemed to imagine that the sum of Rs. 5,000 or so collected would ameliorate the distress and compensate the suffering of the injured to a great extent. I wish only to mention here that the Committee knows its duties and responsibilities very well and they would be fully discharged. The unthinking crowd, however, would not listen to any appeal. Ultimately they had to be dispersed by the police, so as to prevent more mischief. But before they left they pulled down the fencings and threw stones at the stands regardless of the fact that there were ladies about!

A GREAT PITY!

It is a matter of great pity that the W.I.F.A. Committee was constrained to abandon the tournament. Not only that they have stopped soccer at the old venue for the rest of the season. They are afraid that the hooligan element among the spectators may take the law into their own hands again and make things still more difficult. I cannot condemn the behaviour of the rowdy elements too strongly. But I think it is a mistake to yield to their threats. The tournament should have been carried on with greater assistance from the police—and even military, if necessary. I need hardly mention that greatest disappointment is being felt by everybody, especially by the members of the visiting teams. If anybody is responsible for dashing their hopes to the ground, it is the hooligans of Bombay.

W. INDIA GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

Hamilton Qualifies For Semi-final

NASIK, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): The match which was given a bye and left out yesterday from the first round in the play of the Western India Golf Championship, was played this morning between N. J. Hamilton of Bombay and Major General A. H. Williams of Indore. The contestants after playing a ding-dong game went to the twentieth where Hamilton prevailed over his opponent thus qualifying to play in the semi-final which is expected to be played to-morrow.

This morning major C. Blair of Deolali, scratch player won the President Cup with nett 74, which score is one under course which is bogey 75. Blair had incidentally won the same competition last year with score of nett 73. A. N. Mafatlal gets handicap prize with a score (82 minus nine) 73.

Owing to insufficient entries there was no play in the women's principal competition, namely Bombay bangle match play, which was thus treated as cancelled.

One match which was left out from men's foursomes competition was decided this morning when Major C. Blair and J. Mackenzie Mair gave walk over to Doctor G. M. Phadke and S. Moolgavkar.

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PERPETUATING TAGORE'S MEMORY

W. Bengal Govt. Awards For Research Work

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): To perpetuate the memory of Poet Rabindranath Tagore, ministers of the West Bengal Cabinet, at an informal conference to-day, decided to award three prizes, worth Rs. 5,000 each to suitable candidates for research work on different subjects.

The Government would soon appoint a committee to draw up details and to recommend the names of candidates.

STRENGTH OF U. N. O. FORCE

LAKE SUCCESS, (New York), Sept. 9, (Reuter): The Russian delegation to the United Nations Military Staff Committee confirmed officially today that it had submitted an estimate of 12 divisions of troops, 1,200 planes and five or six cruisers as the strength of the proposed International Police Force.

This is almost the same as estimates prepared by Britain and China.

Unlike the British estimate, however, Russia does not propose any battleships or aircraft carriers for the U.N.O. force.

FLOODS HOLD UP CHITTAGONG TRAINS

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9, (A.P.I.): Floods are reported from Howrah and Twenty-four Pargana Districts. Three police station areas in Howrah are affected owing to the rise in the river level at Rannegunge. Nearly 100,000 acres of land in Twenty-four Parganas have been inundated, resulting in damage to crops and collapse of houses.

According to a report received from Chittagong, the greater part of the district has been flooded by heavy rains during the last four days. Local trains are not running as the railway lines are under water. The Calcutta Mail was held up yesterday some thirty miles from Chittagong.

STALIN SETS TASK FOR SCIENTISTS

MOSCOW, Sept. 9, (Reuter): Generalissimo Stalin had set Soviet scientists the task of not only catching up, but of surpassing, the achievements of science abroad in the immediate future, Serge Vavilov, President of the U.S.S.R. Academy of Sciences told a special meeting during Moscow's 800th anniversary celebrations, Tass, the Official Soviet News Agency reported today.

Moscow, he added, had become the basic scientific centre of the country.

CHARGE AGAINST KARACHI POLICE

Hidayatullah's Assurance To Congress Deputation

KARACHI, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): A deputation of local Congress leaders to-day met the Governor of Sind Mr. Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, and urged him to take steps to bring to book the suspects involved in the stabbing incidents in the city.

The deputation, which included Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani, Mr. R. K. Sidhva, Prof. N. R. Malkani and Miss Jethi Sepahimalani, requested the Governor to take action against policemen found shirking their duties, and also against National Guards said to be harassing passengers at Hyderabad while searching their luggage for weapons.

Mr. Hidayatullah it is learnt, assured the deputation that he would investigate into the statements made. The deputation later met Mr. N. A. Faruqui, District Magistrate, Karachi.

The excise constabulary has been detailed to help the local police in maintaining peace in the city. Section 144 Cr. P. C. will remain in force in Karachi for 15 days, while section 42 of the District Police Act banning the carrying of weapons has been enforced for one month.

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN DISPUTE IN U.N.O.

France To Propose Compromise Resolution

LAKE SUCCESS, September 9. (Reuter): When the United Nations meets on Wednesday to resume its hearing on Egypt's case against Britain, China will attempt to solve the problem by proposing a compromise resolution recognizing Egypt's legitimate right to the evacuation of all troops. Egypt demands the complete withdrawal of British troops and the ending of the present condominium in the Sudan.

The Council was to have discussed the complaint today, but the hearing has been postponed until Wednesday.

British circles maintained last night that the Security Council should not pass a resolution dealing with the substance of the dispute but should merely recommend both sides to resume negotiations.

In the British view, the question of troop evacuation was completely settled in the recent Anglo-Egyptian negotiations in which the only stumbling block was the future of the Sudan.

In London the Sudanese Umma party representative in England, Y. Osman, declared Sudan should be represented in any settlement negotiations between Britain and Egypt recommended by the United Nations. The Umma party, which like the Pro-Egyptian El Ashigga Party has a delegation at Lake Success, wants the Sudan to be independent of Britain and Egypt.

So far neither of the Sudanese delegations at the U.N.O. headquarters has been heard by the Security Council in its debate on the Anglo-Egyptian dispute.

INQUIRY INTO STAND COLLAPSE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay have ordered an official inquiry into the collapse of the stand at the Cooperage Football ground, on Sunday evening, as a result of which one person lost his life and about 100 received injuries.

West Bengal May Abolish Horse-Racing

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): The question of abolishing horse-racing in Calcutta is being considered by the West Bengal Government, it is learnt.

A Government spokesman told "Associated Press of India" today that there were certain practical difficulties in the way, which were now being examined by the Government. As soon as those difficulties were surmounted, the proposal would be given effect to.

The Government are also obtaining information on the matter from Bombay and other places.

MADRAS, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): The Presidency College champions Mr. V. G. Appa Rao and C. G. Paul retained for the third year in succession the Erskine Cup defeating M. L. Srikanth and G. Schmidt of the Loyala College in the doubles final of the Loyala College tennis tournament last evening by three sets to one. The scores were 6/4, 5/7, 6/0, 6/1.

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Owing to the acute food shortage in the country, rations are being maintained today at the absolute minimum needed. It is the duty of every responsible house-wife to make a little food go a long way these days.

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BOMBS FOUND IN CALCUTTA MAIL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A surreptitious attempt to blow up the Calcutta Mail which arrived in Bombay this morning, was frustrated by the hand of Providence.

The train which came via Nagpur with a full complement of passengers from Calcutta and interim stations reached Victoria Terminus at 9-30 a.m.

When it steamed into the station Bombay's red-liveried coolies invaded it for the passengers luggage as usual.

One coolie, however saw an innocuous looking unclaimed package. It was an insignificant card-board box-which looked rather heavy for its puny size. Inside, from a slight opening, the coolie could see four roundish looking "fishy" objects. Intuitively he felt that it contained dangerous and inflammable substance and without touching the discarded parcel, he drew the attention of a Railway Police constable to his find.

The constable in turn reported the matter to his higher officers who rushed to the spot to find four live bombs cleverly secreted in the card-board box lying in the third class compartment.

The package, it appears had been left planted during the train's 13,000 mile-long journey by some mischief-makers who, it is suspected, boarded the train and left it between Calcutta and Bombay.

How the bombs did not explode inspite of the heavy rattling and rumbling of high velocity of the mail train is intriguing.

The Railway Police aided by the C.I.D., are investigating the matter.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS.

GANESHKHIND, Sept. 8.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Mody gave a dinner party at Government House.

Simple ABC Treatment Ends FOOT TROUBLES

IRRITATING, PAINFUL FEET—RAW, CRACKED, PEELING SKIN BETWEEN TOES RELIEVED OVER-NIGHT

If you suffer from burning, tired, aching feet, or peeling skin and irritating painful cracks between the toes (Foot Rot) follow this simple ABC routine.

A. Wash feet night and morning with soap and warm water. *Dry well between toes.*
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C. Change hose daily.

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Daily: 1, 3-45, 6-45 p.m.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 10, 2003.
Muslim: Shaval 24, 1366.
Parsi: Farvardin 7, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-25 a.m. Sunset: 6-47 p.m.
Hightide: 08-30, 19-40. Lowtide: 00-59, 14-51.

NOTICE TO JURORS

Notice to Jurors—Special and Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice at the foot of the proclamation published in the Public Notifications Column.

Today's Engagements

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY: An ordinary monthly meeting in the meeting room of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, (1st floor, South wing, on the Old Custom House side), Town Hall, Bombay, today at 6 p.m. (S.T.) A paper on "Hindu Mythology and its Interpretations" will be read by Dr. V. M. Kaikini.

MAZDAZNAN: Today at 6-15 p.m at Alexandra Girls School Hall, Waudby Road, Social Evening and send off to Mrs. Minnie S. Mehta Deputy Leader of Mazdaznan, who is flying to America tomorrow.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Notes on the "Bhagavad-Gita" will be taken up for study today at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain.

GOVT. GRAIN SHOPS EMPLOYEES' ASSOCIATION: The following were elected office-bearers for the year 1947-48:—PRESIDENT—Mr. S. B. Dixit, VICE-PRESIDENTS—Mr. P. D. Narkar and Mrs. Sulochana Kulkarni, GENERAL SECRETARY—Mr. Dhansukh N. Naik, (Hon. Member), JOINT HON. SECRETARIES M/s. M. P. Poinis and V. N. Pange, HONORARY TREASURER—Mr. S. Anandrao.

"Drivers' Day"

The Executive Committee of the Union met last night at the Union's Office to chalk out the final programme of the Drivers' Day to be celebrated on Sunday, 14th instant. The Committee thanked the First Indian Police Commissioner for granting permission, which so far was refused by the British Police Commissioner, for the celebration of this day. The following programme was fixed:—14TH SEPTEMBER—(1) Flag salutation at 7-30 a.m. at Chaupatty. (2) A Procession starting from Chaupatty at 8-0 a.m. passing through Sandhurst Bridge, Bhuleshwar, Kalbadevi Road terminating at Esplanade Maidan. (3) 9-30 a.m. Meeting at Esplanade Maidan.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: Lecture on 'The Freedom We Attained' by Mr. S. Guruswamy at 8-30 p.m. at the Sangham premises.

FREE INDIA GENERAL INSURANCE OFFICIAL FOR EUROPE

Syt. N. K. Bhartiya, Managing Director of the Free India General Insurance Co. Ltd., will sail for Europe in the second week of September, to attend an annual meeting of the International Union of Marine Insurance at Cannes (in France) as delegate on behalf of the Federation of Indian Insurance Companies. Another officer of the 'Free India General", Mr. K. C. Khanna, would be leaving for East Africa in the near future on an organisational tour.

BHAGAVADGITA LECTURES: Today Wednesday Yogasamadhi and Gita, Sarvatantrasvatantra Madhavacharya 4-15 p.m. Thursday Vivekananda and Gita, Vedantacharya Ganesh Venkatesh Joshi 4-15 p.m. Friday Sankhya and Gita, Vyakaranacharya Shivanathopadhyaya 4-15 p.m. Saturday Gita and Bhashya, Ubhayamimamsapravina Panditaraj Venkateswara Dikshitar and Prof. J. W. Dave 4-15 p.m.

ARYA SAMAJ RELIEF COMMITTEE

Mr. P. D. Singh, Hon. Secretary, the Matunga Arya Samaj Hindu Relief Committee writes:—

A refugee relief centre has been organised by the Arya Samaj Matunga (G.I.P.), where free food and shelter is provided to refugees since last year. Contributions in cash, clothing or foodgrains will be thankfully accepted.

"G" WARD DISRTICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: The Joint Hon. Secretaries state that the following office-bearers were elected without contest:—President: Sjt. I. S. Patel, Vice-President: Sjt. Ramjal Singh Yadav, Jt. Secretaries: Sjt. Rajaram N. Sawant, Sjt. Sitalaprasad N. Sharma, Treasurer: Sjt. Shobhanath Singh.

INDIAN INSTITUTE FOR EDUCATIONAL & CULTURAL CO-OPERATION

Under the auspices of the Indian Institute for Educational and Cultural Co-operation, Dr. B. A. Saletore, of the Maharashtra Society, Ahmedabad, will deliver a lecture on "International Disorder as Social Phenomena" in the Meeting Room of the Royal Asiatic Society, Bombay Branch (Town Hall) on Friday, September 12 at 6 p.m. Sir Rustom Masani will preside.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 4 Umarkhadi-Dongri will meet near Junction of Chinch Bunder Road and Sandhurst Road (New Petrol Station) tomorrow Friday at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.), to go round the Ward. The residents of the Ward who have any difficulties to bring to light are invited to be present at the appointed place and time.

Bombay Jatha For Hyderabad Satyagraha?

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A largely attended meeting of the Hyderabad State subjects who are in Worli labour area was held on Tuesday morning at Worli when Dr. Iyer, a provincial Congress worker presided. Dr. Iyer welcoming the Congress leaders, who had come to Bombay seeking support for the State Congress movement acquainted the public with the conditions prevailing in Hyderabad State today.

The meeting then passed a resolution supporting the cause of the Hyderabad State Congress in their freedom struggle and decided to enlist and organize "volunteers and send "Jathas" to Hyderabad to offer Satyagraha at an early date. The first Jatha of volunteers will be leaving Bombay shortly".

Hasmukh Pranshankar Oza, M.Sc. (Bom.) M.Sc. (M.I.T.N.S.B.) of Bhavnagar College and Royal Institute of Science, Bombay after a brilliant carrer in the Bombay University standing first in M.Sc. Math. Group in 1941; joined the Dharmendra Sinhji College, Rajkot as lecturer in Maths. After a four-year successful career as Professor sailed for U.S.A. in July, 1945 to have training in Mechanical Engineering in the Massechussets Institute of Technology. Then he secured the degree of M.Sc. in 1946.

Besides he carried on research in HydroDynamical subject of the Hemispherical Cavities. During ten months he took Marine course. He is now returning to India.

DEAD BODY FOUND NEAR RLY. LINE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The corpse of a eighteen year old schoolboy, Yeshwant Gandhre, was discovered near the railway lines at Matunga "A" Cabin yesterday evening.

Enquiries reveal that the deceased who came from Nersl had left home with some friends on Sunday afternoon to attend a marriage ceremony at Bhowandi. But when they could not get into the overcrowded bus, Yeshwant, who became very disgusted left his friends and boarded a train by himself for Bombay. It is presumed that he fell down from the train accidentally near Matunga.

Thana District Secondary Teachers' Association's Educational Week-End

BOMBAY, Sept. 7.

Mr. V. B. Karnik, President of the Association, writes as follows:—

It is decided to organise the Annual Educational Week-end at Chinchani on Saturday, the 4th and Sunday, the 5th of October 1947. Eminent educationists will be invited to deliver talks on important educational topics. Every effort will be made to make the proposed programme both interesting as well as instructive.

Schools in the western part of Thana are requested to contribute Rs. 10 each towards the cost of the said function. English classes, however, will contribute Rs. 5.

Arrangements for boarding and lodging for teachers attending the programme will be made at Chinchani. Head Masters and brother-teachers desirous of attending the same will please communicate their intention to Mr. V. K. Joshi, Head Master, K. D. High School, Chinchani, Dist. Thana, on or before 20th September 1947. Teachers remaining present on the occasion will pay Rs. 2-8-0 per head to meet their boarding and lodging expenses for two days, i.e., 4th and 5th Oct. 1947. All payments, including contributions, may please be sent direct to Mr. C. D. Darjee, D.M., K. D. High School, Chinchani.

It is earnestly hoped that Head Masters as well as brother-teachers will co-operate whole-heartedly so as to make the function a success that it deserves to be.

All inquiries and correspondence in connection with this function may be addressed to Mr. J. M. Raut, Jt. Organising Secretary, K. D. High School, Chinchani, Dist. Thana.

BOMBAY, Sept. 8.

Mr. Mukundalal Sircar, Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc, appeals to the generous public to send contributions for the Chittagong flood-sufferers either to Mr. Mukundalal Sircar at "Tamarind House" Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, or to Mr. Harendra Nath Ghosh at No. 87, M. C. Ghosh Lane, Howrah, who are the secretaries respectively of the All-India and Bengal Provincial Forward Bloc. Receipts of money will be duly acknowledged.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
WEDNESDAY, Sept. 10.

7-30 a.m. Selected songs 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 Hazara Singh (Guitar par Bibhae) 8.45 Sundra Bai Bhajan) 9.0 Wamanrao Sadolikar (Jaunpuri) 12.0 p.m. Rang Tarang (H U and H) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Variety 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Lunch-Hour Music 4.20 School Broadcast 5.0 Hazara Singh (Guitar par Multani) 5.15 S M Limaye (Bhimpalas) 5.30 Vimal Patki (Puria Dhanashri) 5.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.15 News (H) 6.15 Sundra Bai 6.30 Vimal Patki (Pad) 6.45 Ganpatram, Kapadia Gugarati Geet 7.0 S M Limaye (Vocal) 7.15 Hazara Singh (Guitar par Jaijaiwanti) 7.30 Marathi natak: by B G Joglekar. (M) 1.45 Thumri Aur Dadra (Thumri) 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 Kavita Vachan (Readings from own poems by Kavi Ardeshir F. Khabardar) 8.45 Drishya panchwe Marathi by Shamrao Oke; 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 In 2222 A.D (citizens and their city: by Dr. Mulk Raj Anand) 10.0 Vimal Patki (Kedara) 10.30 Wamanrao Sadolikar (Nayaki Kanada).

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 11-9-47:—Local light to moderate showers are likely in the Konkan-patti. Scattered light to moderate showers may also occur in the Bombay Karnatak, Mawal Desh, Khandesh, the Hyderabad State and Gujarat.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:—No large change.

WORKING OF ANTI-CORRUPTION DEPARTMENT

KALYAN CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S PLAIN-SPEAKING

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, Sept. 9.

Dr. V. W. Phadke, President, Kalyan City Congress Committee, has issued a statement in connection with crimes in Kalyan, in the course of which he says:—

Freedom will not last if corruption continues in the services.

The writer of this article has lived in Kalyan for nearly 20 years. He has seen so many Police officers during these years but never has a single Police officer sincerely tried to arrest the gamblers or illicit wine sellers. There are 40 regular betting centres and equal number of illicit liquor shops. Sensational raids were carried out in the city for black-market goods and when the public expected something to happen it was said that nothing was found in the raid. Then why were these raids carried out? Not one but scores of them. The Police are either indifferent or incompetent. The department will accept neither charge.

It is not the Police department which is said to be corrupt but the other departments especially the Revenue and Excise Departments cannot escape their share. Under the circumstances what is the remedy? The Collector said, "the public is bad, because it does not help us to bring these offenders to book."

In by opinon the whole public is not bad. The anti-corruption department is not functioning at all in these parts of Southern Thana. I have seen the pamphlet issued by the Government of Bombay recently on its anti-corruption campaign. The pamphlet shows that only small 'fish' have been caught so far, the big 'fish' having escaped notice altogether.

OFFICIAL ATTITUDE MUST CHANGE

The public has not got over the fear-complex as yet. Repression by the Government officials for centuries has unnerved the public. The conduct of the Government officials towards the public has not changed. The gulf between them is as wide as before and mutual respect and confidence very little. Under the circumstances the Collector cannot expect the public to embrace the officials and whisper into their ears, things which may prove dangerous for them (the public). If the Collector and his officials expect co-operation in this direction they will have to change their attitude entirely before a beginning can be made.

There is yet one more item which I think important. I have been approached by many coal and timber contractors. They asked me to request the Government to stop the sale of methylated spirit. It is said that about 2,000 bottles are consumed daily from Thana to Karjat and Kasara. This drink is slowly shortening the lives of poor Kathodies, Thakoors and farmers. The contractors report that the working capacity of their labourers is fast decreasing owing to the methylated spirit. If Government is sincere about prohibition it must stop the sale of spirit to persons other than doctors, chemists and factories. If that cannot be done at least not more than one bottle should be given to a stove owner for each month.

The public has a definite duty to perform. They must form anti-corruption societies and start work boldly. If they fail, the failure will not be theirs but of the Government, because all such attempts require unlimited co-operation and protection from the Government.

A complaint from Subordinate Police officials deserves notice here. In some cases Sub-Inspectors of Police had effected arrests of black-marketeers but higher Police officials and an influential men upset their plans. This must stop if the Congress Government's prestige has to be preserved.

MR. BHUPENDRA CHIMANLAL SHROFF

Mr. Bhupendra Chimanlal Shroff, B.Sc. (Technology) is sailing for Manchester for higher studies in technology. He will go to America also.

The Government has granted him a scholarship of £400 per annum for two years. He will join the college of Technology at Manchester.

Mr. Bhupendra Shroff is the grandson of the well-known educationalist Sjt. Vithaldas H. Anklesaria the former Principal of the Elphinstone High School, Bombay, and the son of Sjt. Chimanlal Maneklal Shroff, one of the leading lawyers of Baroda.

After passing the matriculation examination from the Elphinstone High School, Mr. Bhupendra joined the Elphinstone College and the Royal Institute of Science and got his B.Sc. Degree (Technology) in the first class. Then he joined the Imperial Chemical Industries as an Assistant of its Laboratory from where the Government selected him for higher studies in technology.

"JAME'S" PATETI NUMBER

The Pateti number of Jame-Jamshed the popular Parsi daily of Bombay, topped with a three coloured cover contains many interesting articles and illustrations in its 280 pages. It begins with an incantation from Ardeshir Khatardar—a well known poet among Parsees. A host of articles, poems and short stories of well known writers make the issue interesting reading.

There are special messages from B. G. Kher and Dr. Gilder. The English section, though short, is packed with interesting reading material. Minoo Masani's article "This way to democracy", may be specially mentioned.

The Special Number, which has reappeared after a gap of 7 years is well-worth its price of Rs. 3.

AGAINST RAIN

For protection against heavy rains, UMBRELLAS of fine and strong cloth can be had from us. Also repairing services are given.

BHIMRAJ JITMAL,
Peerbhai Bldg.,
Princess Street, Bombay 2.

Besides this, stockists for Perfumery compound, perfumes and all kind of aromatic and chemicals.

WILLS'S
SCISSORS
are such a soothing smoke

4 annas per packet of 10 cigarettes
Plus local tax where in force
★
W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 9 (API.) Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (IST) on 9th September 1947 :—

Ahmedabad 85 75 0 20.9 minus 3.5 Bangalore 83 67 T 19.8 plus 6.2 Baroda 84 76 0 23.9—Belgaum 77 67 T 32.6 minus 3.6 Bhopal 80 72 0.1 50.5 plus 9.9 Bhuj 85 78 0 9.0 minus 2.3 BOMBAY 87 79 0 49.2 mines 10.5 Calcutta 90 76 0.8 52.0 plus 11.6 Cherrapunji 67 64 3.7 299.0 plus 15.3 Honavar 85 74 0.5 131.7— Hyderabad (Dn) 87 73 0 1.0 plus 3.3 Indore 79—0.4 34.2 plus 7.5 Karachi 86 Nil Nil Nil Nil Kodaikanal 65 52 T 21.9 plus 4.1 Mahableshwar 65 60 0.1 174.0 minus 59.7 Mangalore 84 75 0.4 107.4 plus 4.4 Marmagao—78 0 102.5 plus 19.3 Ootacamund 68 54 0 16.3 minus 6.0 Pachmarhi 73 66 0.2 111.3 plus 47.3 Poona 83 71 0 16.6 plus 0.9 Rajkot 84 76 0 13.0 minus 9.8 Sholapur 91 69 0 21.0 plus 1.6 Simla 62 60 0.5 21.1 minus 20.9 Surat 84 79 0 19.3 minus 15.7

Widespread Rain In Malabar

POONA, Sept. 9. (API.) Following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday, the 9th September 1947 :—

Rainfall has been widespread in Malabar, East Central India, Bengal and Assam and local in West Central India, the United Provinces, Bihar, Mysore and Southeast Madras. A few showers have also occurred in Orissa, the East Punjab, East Rajputana, the Central Provinces, the Konkan and the Bombay Deccan.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 10TH EVENING : Rainfall will be fairly widespeard in the West United Provinces, Bihar, Bengal and Assam and local in and near East Central India, the North Central Provinces, Southeast Madras and Malabar. Scattered showers are likely in the Punjab-Kumaon hills, West Central India, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan and East Hyderabad.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"The heart of a king trembles at the sight of a beggar who begs not. It is this 'begging not'—this rising above personal want, which has given Gandhiji the marvellous influence he possesses."

—Sir M. Iqbal.

The Bombay Chronicle

REFORMS IN MYSORE

The achievement of independance by what was once British india has naturally affected the Indian States. The splendid lead given by the Maharaja of Cochin in granting complete responsible Government to the State was fairly promptly followed by the Maharaja of Travancore. And now we have the announcement by the Maharaja of Mysore expressing his desire to inaugurate a new constitution for his State providing for the establishment of responsible government, not to mention somewhat similar announcements in several small States. Mysore could well have successfully worked a democratic constitution years ago. But, unfortunately, the Ruler relied upon make-believe reforms as a sop to the people. Such a thing could not be long tolerated by the politically conscious and well-organised people, certainly not after the inauguration of independence in India and the inevitable accession of Mysore to the Indian Union. Autocracy in the States, however disguised, could not possibly be tolerated by the States people, with complete responsible government in the neighbouring provinces. Having failed to obtain any satisfactory response from the Ruler to their legitimate demands, the people of Mysore had no alternative but to launch a campaign of Satyagraha to vindicate their rights. The authorities replied with ruthless repression, fondly hoping that would crush the movement soon enough. But everywhere a popular freedom movement has only thriven on repression. And it is good the Maharaja of Mysore has realised this soon enough and has made a conciliatory gesture to the people by making the announcement in question.

The announcement definitely and unequivocally expresses the Ruler's "intention that the new constitution should provide for the establishment of responsible government" in his State. It is not merely that responsible government is to be an ideal or an objective to be gradually realised. The pledge is that "the new constitution" should provide for responsible government. This is quite satisfactory so far as it goes. But the procedure suggested for the framing of the constitution is hardly satisfactory. The Ruler says: "It is my desire that this Committee and such other bodies as may be found necessary may all co-operate in enabling the Dewan to place detailed proposals before me in accordance with my declared intentions". The Committee referred to is the Constitution Committee which is not representative enough, having been constituted by the Dewan himself, nominated by the Ruler. It does not include any representative of the State Congress; and the Congress Party, which is the largest party in the Legislature, has for some time past boycotted the Consultative Committee as an "unrepresentative" body. Moreover, the State Congress has demanded a regular Constituent Assembly predominantly elected by the people, directly or through the Legislature. The Ruler's reference to "such other bodies as may be found necessary" is too vague to guarantee a representative constitution-making body. Finally, the people's fears and suspicions are definitely aggravated by the suggestion that all the preliminary talks are only for the purpose of "enabling the Dewan to place detailed proposals" before the Ruler. If the Ruler is to be the ultimate judge, surely the people ought to have at least the right to make their own demands through their own accredited representatives. The State Congress has also demanded the release of political prisoners and an Interim Government enjoying the confidence of the Legislature. The release of political prisoners is so essential a condition precedent to popular co-operation in framing a popular constitution that we cannot believe that the authorities will be so unwise as not to concede this demand in a few hours rather than days. Nor should we be surprised at the granting of an amnesty before this article sees the light of day. As regards a popular Interim Government, too, we hope the Ruler will not boggle at such a reasonable demand. A popular Government is a necessary earnest of the promises of reforms and also a necessary requisite for the devising of suitable reforms. Having gone so far as to pledge himself definitely to grant responsible government under the very next constitution, the Maharaja should not be chary of lesser things like an Interim Government and the release of political prisoners.

The drift towards responsible government in so many States, large and small, is a clear evidence of the irresistible tide of democracy sweeping over India and various other countries in Asia. It will be foolish for any State Ruler, however mighty his resources of repression may be, to seek to press back the tide. The attempt can only add to the force of the torrent when it shatters all the obstacles in its way. It is futile to make capital of communal differences as an excuse for continuing autocracy and cheating democracy. By all means provide just safeguards for minority communities. But it is an outrage on justice to use communal differences as an excuse for supporting autocracy. Wisdom consists in anticipating the inevitable and making timely adjustments.

Stand By The Ideal

In urging the members and workers of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha to "exert themselves to spread and popularise Hindustani, written in both Nagari and Persian scripts, as the national language" Gandhiji has only reiterated for the thousandth time his cherished policy, which millions of Congressmen have again and again supported enthusiastically. Gandhiji has felt the need of stressing the obvious because a number of misguided Congressmen have recently declared the view that since India is divided Hindustani, is no longer necessary as an official national language forgetting that, in spite of division, millions of Hindus and Muslims live in both Pakistan and India. But millions of Congressmen still hope, not without reason, for a reunited India in the not very distant future. If the interval should not be too long it behoves all those longing for a reunited India to do everything possible for the early realisation of their cherished ideal. And not the least potent means of achieving this end is to adhere steadfastly to the pledged policy of making Hindustani the national language. If Hindustani was capable, as indeed it is and will always be, of helping to unite Hindus and Muslims, it is for that very reason a help in reuniting India. To shed that faith is tantamount to wilfully breaking a valuble link when many old links are snapping against our will.

Frankly Speaking

International Anxiety

The partition of India was a tragedy. It has in its turn inevitably produced a crop of other tragedies that have overwhelmed the Punjab and its inhabitants and have stricken so many other places, too, in both the States. It is a serious enough situation. But looked at from a distance it appears even graver. It is not surprising, therefore, that other countries should be wondering as to how the new set-up in India would affect their own relations with India and Pakistan as also the International situation. We are glad, therefore, that Mr. B. R. Sen, the Indian Charge d'Affaire at Washington, has in a broadcast answered questions that have arisen in the minds of Americans since the division of India. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has more than once explained the International policy of India, which is based on complete peace and freedom everywhere on lines laid down by the United Nations Charter. To pursue such policy with sincerity and without reserve, it is essential that India should cooperate and be friends with all Powers and join no international bloc.

All-Indi.. Assurance

This policy was laid down long ago and was reiterated by Pandit Nehru during the days of the Coalition Interim Government, too. It was thus the policy of the Muslim League as well as of the rest of India. The division has not affected it as the policy of the Indian Union. Nor is there any reason to doubt that the League has changed or will change after the establishment of Pakistan. Mr. Sen's assurances in respect of international relations, while offered naturally on behalf of the Indian Union, may thus be accepted as carrying the concurrence of Pakistan too. Both would work for peace and freedom in the spirit of the United Nations Charter. It follows obviously that both would resist and oppose international injustice and imperialistic aggressions against the democratic rights of nations and against assaults on the principles of human and racial equality. As to the relations of each with individual countries, whatever the internal conflicts in India, both the Indian Union and Pakistan will welcome economic co-operation and assistance from other nations without prejudice to their own rights and interests but with adequate guarantee of the legitimate rights and interests of those nations.

Unfortunate Failure

Another attempt to secure an agreed solution of the vexed problem of the control of atomic energy has failed. The second report of the U. N. Atomic Energy Commission was on Monday last approved by the Commission's Political Committee by a majority of ten countries. That is to say, the Soviet Union and Poland voted against the report. This is the important point, which is rendered all the more significant by the fact that it is the first time that they have "formally voted against an atomic report". The Committee had been working constantly since early May on the broad proposals for setting up and operating an International Control Agency. It is thus the final outcome of these efforts that has failed. The character and nature of the broad proposals are not so relevant now. Nor is the question of the merits or otherwise of the Soviet opposition. The important problem is whether the failure marks the possible end of all efforts to arrive at an agreement between the Western Powers and the Soviet Union for the International Control of that fell weapon of human destruction. If so, an atomic armament race is inevitable now. And that means ultimately war and global destruction.

Indians in Burma

Sir B. N. Rau, who is on his way back to India after his visit to Burma to advise the Burmese Constituent Assembly, is reported to have expressed the view that Indians in Burma who were eligible to assume Burmese citizenship would do well to remain in that country as Burma nationals. How far the Indians in Burma will act up to this view will necessarily depend to a large extent on the new constitution a draft of which is said to be ready for submission to the Constituent Assembly on the 15th instant. Sir B. N. Rau, who may be presumed to have known something of the draft and the chances of its acceptance by the Constituent Assembly, says that the Burmese do not want to be unfair to any body and that Indians in Burma have only to get rid of the prejudices created by the past. Let us hope the new constitution of Burma will itself be free from such prejudices and duly safeguard the interests of Indians in Burma.

Our Readers' Views

Misrepresenting India

Sir,—Ever since the news reel service of the western countries was started India has been misrepresented by them the world over. The latest issue of the Metro News which was actually shot by a Gaumount Newsreel man on the pool basis titled "Independence Celebrations in India" starts with a snake charmer a monkey and a bear trick, is absurd, irrelevant and highly degrading and would misrepresent India throughout the world.

Now that we are a free nation we would not tolerate this policy of misrepresentation by any one any more. I think it is hightime that foreign companies change their policy if they want to have any market in India.

Yours etc.
New Delhi. M. K. RUSMAN.

Woes Of Tenants

Sir,—May I frankly say that now-a-days landlords are ruling in Bombay Courts of low are full of ejectment suits. High Court, too, is not less burdened. Landlords can play havoc with money because money makes the mare go. Moneyed landlords can eject their tenants as and when they like Is our popular Government not prepared to stop quitting of tenants and give peace to the souls of living tenants? By doing so they will not only give rest to the hard-hit tenants but to the courts as well.—Yours etc.
Bombay. GAJANAN A.

"Vande Mataram" Anthem

Sir,—Mahatma Gandhi is reported to have observed at one of his prayer meetings in Calcutta that the practice of standing up out of respect when a National Anthem or 'Bhajan" is sung was "an unnecessary importation from the West" and that it was not supported by Hindu culture. I beg humbly to point out with due respect to Mahatmaji that an anthem is not similar to a "Bhajan" which is sung for hours together by people sitting all the while. The anthem is rather similar to an "Aarti" or sacred song which is sung only for a few minutes at the end of the worship of a deity or a prayer sung at the beginning of school or college hours by persons standing up out of respect all the while. It thus appears that East and West agree in this age long practice. All people would therefore do well to uniformly keep it up whenever, the Anthem is sung as such at any place or function and not be confounded in showing their respect for the same.—Yours, etc.,
(MRS.) SHEELA P. SABNIS.
Bombay.

"Indian Literatures Of To-day"

Sir,—Friend J. E. Sanjana has reviewed the book "The Indian Literatures of To-day" very interestingly, if not with insight. Having worked as the head of the Oriental Translator's Office for several years he has collected several facts about several languages. While he has facts he has failed to see the spirit in any of the present Indian languages. His is the case of 'man seeing all the trees and missing the woods.

This does not mean to say that the editor of the book, my friend Dr. Bharatan Kumarappa or the various contributors have done a good job. In the first place I do not know why my friend Dr. Kumarappa accepted this onerous responsibility? To my knowledge he knows very little about Indian languages I doubt that he knows much about his own mother tongue, Tamil. This being so, he could not see whether various names of authors and books were spelled correctly or not.

Secondly, there are very few good scholars in any of the Indian languages who could write an inspiring account of their languages and literatures in English because they do not know much English, and the English educated pundits know very little of their own mother tongue. This fact accounts for indifferent stories regarding various Indian languages.

Coming back to friend Sajana, he has taken this opportunity of reviewing to parade his old prejudices against things Indian and especially Hindu. Many of his prejudices are really silly. He still loves his English masters and does not seem to remember that the British power has vanished from India since August 15.

His advocacy regarding Urdu seems to be as purposeless. While he glories that Urdu has been made Lingua-Franca" of Pakistan, he seems to be ignorant that to none of the States of Pakistan Urdu is a living or loving language. To the Punjabees, Pathans, Baluchees, Sindhees and Bengalees it is both an alien tongue and an artificial tongue. While the Punjabi Muslim may speak to a non-Punjabi in Urdu, he reverts to Punjabi while he speaks to a Punjabi Muslim or Punjabi non-Muslim. Friend Sanjana does not seem to know that.

Again, the Urdu that is being thrust upon, the people today is a cross-breed of Persian and Arabic with a little Hindustani interspersed. If analysed, a greater percentage consists of Persian and Arabic which is not understood by more than a few lakhs of "highly educated Muslims." If Muslims must have a religious language why don't they go-wholehog and accept Arabic? It will make no difference to the Pakistani Muslims, whether they will be forced to learn this half breed Urdu or Arabic. They will require the same effort to study either of these foreign tongues.

In conclusion, it is clear that Dr. Kumarappa was the wrong man to edit this book and Mr. Sanjana was the wrong man to review it.—Yours etc.,
Sept. 2. H. G. MUDGAL.

Art Silk Cloth & Yarn

Sir,—The President of Silk and Art Silk Mills Association of Bombay is reported to have said at the annual general meeting of the Association that the recent arrangement of the Government of India to supply 30 lakhs lbs of art yarn to art silk mills would last the industry for at least four months and he hoped that the Government would arrange for a further supply. However I would suggest that due to very short supply of most essential articles like food and cotton cloth, it would be better to conserve our dollars for the same.

Due to the present disturbed conditions of the Punjab, it is not likely that art cloth will be in demand for some time to come. The Punjab is the only province that buys art silk cloth in huge quantities and is the principal consumer. I understand there is no demand for art cloth and it would be wise to curtail production by working single shift and less number of hours and thus keep the looms running for a longer period. Unless the production is reduced, there will be huge stock of this unwanted cloth and a great amount of capital will be blocked up without any useful return.

If my suggestions are carried out, we will not require further yarn at present and we will be able to run the mills for eight months instead of four months. Thus, we, as well, will be useful to our National Government in conserving their dollars for more useful purposes and keep the Industry alive.

I would suggest that Indian mills may now divert their energies to use art silk yarn for some better remunerative and useful sorts say by mixing a certain percentage of art silk yarn with cotton cloth. This will result in saving of much needed cotton yarn powerlooms and handlooms and also help in increahing cotton cloth production.—Yours, etc.,
BHOGILAL MAGANLAL SHAH.
Mahalaxmi Mills Ltd.,
Bhavnagar, Sept. 5.

Independence Came To Akloli

HOW A LITTLE VILLAGE CELEBRATES AUGUST 15

(BY V. V. JERAJANI.)

For the last six years, I have settled down in a village named Akloli about 50 miles from Bombay, to render whatever service I could to the rural India. This village is situated near the famous Vajreshwari temple and is placed between the Tansa and Satami rivers. The scenery is picturesque, but it is a jungle village with a population of about 625 people, out of which 175 are aborigines. These aborigines have no lands and are mainly dependent on the farm labour they get from the villagers or from contract labour from adjoining jungles and are at the lowest stage of social life. None of them are able either to read or to write and many of them have not even crossed the boundaries of the village.

During the years I have been staying here, I have tried to develop contacts with these village folk and to understand their life and assist them. But the response was not encouraging I was greatly disappointed about my mission. During the fifth year, I was taken seriously ill and had to leave the village for some time, and my disappointment was so great that I seriously contemplated leaving this field of service considering it fruitless. Meanwhile, came August 15. I thought of ways and means by which the advent of Independence could be conveyed to these dumb villagers who had not even known they were slaves, and I tried to discuss with them the celebrating of this day in a fitting manner. Till the evening of the 13th I was not sure whether the people of this village would ever know anything about the significance of 15th August.

HE MOULDS THEIR LIFE.

Meanwhile, the Governmental machinery moved and every Village Patil including the Patil from my village were called by the Mamlatdar and given instructions about the celebration of this day. He was also given a flag and a few packets of sweet for children and a few badges for the school boys. In such remote village, the Police Patil is the person who moulds the life of the villagers, and hence, until he moves, nothing can be done. The Village Patil tried his best to understand the Mamlatdar's instructions and convey to the villagers, but he also did not know the whole situation completely and so I explained to him as well as to some of the villagers the significance of the day and the manner in which it should be celebrated

I told them the whole story since the advent of East India Company till the 15th of August 1947 in simple, colloquial language and explained to them the difference in the outlook that is bound to come after the 15th. The villagers were very happy and wanted to join in the celebrations in a fitting manner but the difficulty was that the villagers had never acted collectively and they did not know how to organise and celebrate the occasion. The more difficult problem was about the aborigines to whom it was difficult even to explain a very elementary thing—a class of people who for generations never had enough to eat nor sufficient clothes to cover their body, their only garment being a small loin cloth and their women folk never knew what was to wash or comb their hair I persuaded the villagers that the occasion should be celebrated by feeding the aborigines, as that was the only way by which they would feel that some change is taking place. The villagers enthusiastically approved of this suggestion but the problem was how to collect the necessary food-grains. After long and complicated confabulations among the Village Patils, they gave up the whole thing as an impossible task, but ultimately I suggested that we should collect a small quantity of rice from every villager who owned a piece of land in the village.

THE GREAT FEAST.

Immediately, a list was prepared and the next day accompanied by the village elders I went from house to house and collected 50 "paylees" of rice. This success was a sign for renewed enthusiasm and the villagers took upon themselves to collect vegetables from the nearby jungles. They also collected some spices etc. from the local merchants and arranged to get the rice boiled at every house and thus the whole village took up the job for the feast. On the 14th evening I collected the children from the village and explained to them in a story form the significance of the day and distributed to them one flag each. But the irony was that, excepting for a few children of some well-to-do farmers, most of the others had not even a piece of cloth on their body to pin their flags. But they saw the others pinning their flags and the next day when a procession was taken out, they all found out at last some piece of cloth from somewhere and wrapped it round their neck with a flag pinned to it, and most of them had no other clothes on their body excepting this. On 14th midnight the people gathered at the temple and prayers were offered by the villagers. On 15th morning, the aborigines came to participate in the feast—the first feast in their life, the first full meal they enjoyed in their generation! The whole of the village turned out to witness this spectacle, and thus in a little village the ignorant villagers celebrated their independence feasting the most downtrodden among them. The cost of this feast came to As. 2/6 per head.

The citizens of Bombay spent millions in their feasting, in their lightings and in their celebrations, but we had no oil even for cooking purposes and the villagers could not afford oil for lights. So they satisfied themselves by witnessing the glow of lights in Bombay which was visible to them even at the distance of 50 miles. This day gave me an opening into the lives of these villagers and I have now been able to approach every family in every little nut and understand their difficulties. This has given me a new hope and all the pessimistic thoughts of leaving my village have now gone!

EARLY PROHIBITION IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): It is learnt that the question of introducing total Prohibition in Calcutta is engaging the attention of the West Bengal Government.

As a preliminary measure, the Government have decided to strengthen measures to prevent illicit liquor distillation in the city and suburbs. Adequate police forces will be placed at the disposal of the Commissioner of Excise for the purpose.

The Government's Excise Revenue from liquor in Calcutta is about Rs. 5,00,000 a week.

CANADA'S WHEAT FOR BRITAIN

OTTAWA, Sept. 9. (Reuter): After exporting the contract amount of 160,000,000 bushels of wheat and wheat flour to Britain in the current year, Canada will have enough for only "token" shipments to other countries, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics reported today.

The report said that the total amount available for export would be 200,000,000 bushels.

The Bureau noted that the first estimate of the 1947 wheat crop was 356,800,000 bushels—62,000,000 bushels less than in 1946. A larger carry-over of 85,500,000 bushels had only partly offset the smaller production.

"The only bright spot in the world wheat picture is the record United States crop", the report added.

Secular State And Religion

By J. B. Durkal

On the last day of the last session of the Constituent Assembly, there cropped up in the discussion on fundamental rights the question of religious education,-or more properly religious instruction. The point arose out of the dictum that, in no State or State-aided schools, religious education could be compulsory. This implied the possibility of religious instruction being given in such schools on a voluntary basis, and there were members who contended that even such implication went against the accepted view that Indian Union was to be a secular State.

Why should India become a secular State in spite of the fact that Religion was the very soul or life-blood of India, while Pakistan, its counter part, was constituting itself into a religious State in consonance with the spirit of the people, passes one's understanding. In fact secularism is no philosophy but a systematized negation of religion and was improvised for India, because the foreign rulers belonged to a religion different from that of the people. Really speaking all great nations have derived their best inspirations from religion and those that have given up religion have been found to be a reeling back to barbarism, vice, cruelty and tyranny. All morality", goes the adage "without religion stands on sand." No State that wishes to continue can do without strong foundations of morality. Religion therefore, we think, to be a fundamental necessity of the State and the right of the people all through their life. It follows therefore that religious instruction should, not only be allowed in the schools of the State, but should be imparted to all students as a matter of their right in order that the State may have good citizens of virtuous character. We need not press this point further, for, the evils of nonreligious secular education are too well-known in modern history of India as well as other countries. Education should not be an instrument in the hands of the State to serve its secular ends of self-aggrandizement, war-preparations, or doctrinuasire conversions.

But the excuse often made against religious education in India is that it is likely to stir up strife between the various communities. Nothing can be farther from truth. Religious teaching always brings in and furthers nobler traits and virtues in character, and it is just the want of it which has made private and public life in India so demoralized and depraved today. Sometimes, a plea is made out that there being many religions in India, it is difficult to introduce religious education. This argument also does not hold water. There are a few main religions in India viz Hinduism, Islam, Shikhism, Christianity, Zorostrianism, Jainism and the dissenting Samajas. It means in fact that like second language, religious instruction can be a compulsory subject and would need quite a lot fewer options than languages. If we have the will, the way is asy enough. We should see the necessity of such education which should be provided for by the State in the schools of the State. We think therefore that the line of thought taken by the Constituent Assembly is not correct and religious education must not only be allowed but provided for by the State through adequate and suitable men, means and textbooks. For, no State can afford to neglect the *de facto* character of its would-be citizens in the system of its eduction.

SOCIETY AFTER GANDHIJI'S DREAM

Shankerrao Deo Stresses Peace As Pre-condition

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): A picture of the society of Mahatma Gandhi's dream was sketched by the General Secretary of the Congress, Mr. Shankerrao Deo, broadcasting from the Calcutta station of All-India Radio to-day.

"The future society must consist of autonomous self-sufficient groups which will produce for local consumption and distribute wealth among themselves on the basis of equality", said Mr. Deo. "These autonomous and self-sufficient groups will be tied together not by a Centralised System of Administration, but by the principle of co-operation and service. This is the society of Mahatma Gandhi's dream and this is the real swaraj for which martyrs have shed their blood and sacrificed their lives."

Mr. Deo continued that to accomplish the mighty task peace was necessary, because peace was the precondition of progress. "Therefore, whoever works against peace is our enemy and whoever works for peace is our friend. The greatest restraint and self-control are necessary at this most critical hour in the history of our national life."

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

THE HAGUE, Sept. 8 (Reuter): The Dutch are shortly to form Interim Governments in the areas they took from the Republicans in the recent fighting in Java and Sumatra, the Calvinist paper "Trouw" reported to-day, quoting well-informed circles.

This move will be announced by Queen Wilhelmina of the Neilherlands when she opens the Dutch Parliament on September 16, the paper said.

* * *

According to Reuters, President Chiang Kai-shek is calling on Kuomintang members to take all possible measures to crush the "spreading rebellion of Chinese Communists."

As a measure of first priority in connection with this campaign it is obviously desirable to crush the fifth columnists inside Kuomintang China, we mean, the reactionary and corrupt officials and "patriots."

* * *

Apropos of the recent Moscow report re King Abdullah of Transjordan, an official British source in Amman, the capital, says: "There is no truth in the story. The King is still in his palace at Amman."

Working, of course, at his Greater Syria blue-print.

We never believed the Moscow story.

* * *

The Jewish Luftwaffe plan re London has, we note, been convincingly explained and disposed of. There was, in fact, no plot. It was a "hoax" or a propaganda "stunt."

Alternatively, even if it was technically a plot, it was nothing more than "entirely a personal venture on the part of Rabbi Baruch Korff." Get it?

Of course, if it had succeeded there the compliment and credit—but you get the idea, don't you?

* * *

Explaining the more or less peaceful landing of the "Exodus" immigrants at Hamburg, some of the Jews are reported to have said: "We did not want bloodshed. We are too weak to fight against the British Empire."

But strong enough to grab the homeland of Arabs from the Arabs. We know now. It's a question of what the Nazi might have described as "Machtpolitik."

* * *

The leader of the Palestine Arab Higher Committee declares: "If the United Nations cannot protect us, we will protect ourselves."

The good Arab is being unfair. The problem the United Nations is desperately faced with is that of protecting the United Nations from the friends of the United Nations.

* * *

In his latest utterance General de Gaulle has warned that the "iron whip" of the Soviet regime is isolating two-thirds of Europe into an enormous bloc of peoples, etc., etc.

It only needed General de Gaulle's testimony conclusively to prove to us the truth about the Soviet Union of which we have been hearing so much.

* * *

Reuter points out that the Soviet Union is a notable absentee from the International Conference on statistics now being held in America.

Reuters is right. It is more than "notable." Absence of the Soviet Union from a conference on statistics is like the absence of American Industrialists from an International Conference on mass production.

* * *

Commenting on Wimbledon, etc., a sports writer complains that "Amateur tennis is full of rackets."

But what else should tennis of any kind be full of?

WORKERS' UNITED FRONT

Ruikar Announces New Committee Within A. I. T. U. C.

BOMBAY, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): Mr. R. S. Ruikar, former President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, today announced the formation of a Central Committee, with himself as the convener, to organise a "workers' united front" within the Trade Union Congress.

The "workers united front" will endeavour to restore unity in the trade union movement "under the banner of the A.I.T.U.C. by removing the legitimate and reasonable objections of the Socialist and Congress leaders and by making the A.I.T.U.C. the democratic central platform of the Indian working class"

The Central Committee was formed at a meeting yesterday under the Presidentship of Mr. Mukundlal Sarkar, attended by members of the Forward Bloc, the Bolshevik Party, the Revolutionary Communist Party, the Bolshevik Leninist Party, and independent workers not attached to any political group, who had come to Bombay to attend the meeting of the General Council of the A.I.T.U.C. The Central Committee includes Mr. Somendra Nath Tagore, Calcutta, Mr. Anthoni Pillai, Madras, Mr. Sheelbhadra Yajee, Bihar, Mr. Upen Sharma, Assam, and Mr. A. R. Siddiqui, Eastern Pakistan.

A statement issued by the members of the Central Committee states that the apprehension existing in the minds of certain political parties that some of the trade unions affiliated to the A.I.T.U.C. are bogus unions has to met reasonably. In the changed political conditions of today the A.I.T.U.C. must function in a manner which will give full expression to the feelings and aspirations of the Indian working class as a whole, rather than be the forum for the Communist Party to express its political views

INDIA IN FILM FESTIVAL

LONDON, Sept. 9, (U.P.I.): India will take part in the International Film Festival in Cannes in France from September 12 to 24 along with 21 other nations. The Soviet Union which won the largest number of prizes last year has not yet sent her acceptance of the invitation to join.

DELHI SITUATION UNDER CONTROL

Train Services Disorganised: Four Knife Attacks In Bombay

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9. (A. P. I.): The District Magistrate, Delhi, has amended his order dated September 7 prohibiting all Sikhs from carrying kirpans of any size in public streets or in any public place within the District of Delhi, says a press note issued by the District Magistrate, Delhi, tonight. The order comes into force at once.

.. BAN ON JEEPS

It has been reported, adds the press note, that certain jeeps in the District of Delhi are under the control of persons responsible for the recent communal disturbances. The District Magistrate, Delhi, has therefore, prohibited all persons from plying jeeps in public streets or in any public place within the urban area of Delhi District, unless provided with written permission issued by him or other officers authorised by him. The order comes into force today and will remain in force for a period of one month. The urban area of Delhi means the Municipalities of Delhi, New Delhi, Shadhra, notified area of Civil Lines, Fort, West Delhi: Nerela, Najafgarh, Mehroli and Delhi Cantonment.

The petrol dealers have been directed not to issue petrol to jeep cars unless the coupons issued in respect of them are counter-signed by the Provincial Motor Transport Controller, Delhi.

SITUATION IN HAND

The communal situation in Delhi is under control. There were cases of arson and looting in Paharaganj and Subzimandi areas.

More Special Magistrates & Constabulary For Delhi

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): As a result of some proposal made by the D.P.C.C. to India's Home Minister, Sardar Patel, the following persons have been entrusted with the powers of Special Magistrates to deal with the emergency situation arising out of the disturbances in Delhi.

—Lala Desh Bandhu Gupta, Jugal Kishore Khanna, Dr. Yudhvir Singh, Lala Omkarnath and Mr. Rughunandan Saran.

It is learnt that more Special Magistrates will be appointed shortly.

The D.P.C.C. will very shortly place a list of District Congress workers to be appointed in the special constabulary which will be created immediately.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): Train services in and out of Delhi are still disorganised. Except for one or two main trains which left this morning there have been no movement at all.

The Punjab Mail left for Bombay this morning. The Calcutta Mail left at 9 a.m.

The Grand Trunk Express which was due to arrive from Madras to-day is reported to be held up at Muttra, the authorities having decided not to bring the train to Delhi. The Down Train to Madras and the South has not left to-day.

The Frontier Mail has not been running for two days now. The last one left for Bombay on Sunday. The last on ward train which left Delhi for Lahore was on Friday.

The metre gauge services on the B. B. and C. I. Railway are also not operating.

A message from Jhansi says, due to disturbed conditions on the Muttra-Delhi Section trains going to Delhi via Muttra have terminated at Muttra. Further train service on the Muttra-Delhi Section will remain uncertain and intermittent for sometime.

ADDRESS TO SOLDIERS

"When you have to shoot, you will shoot to kill", says an Order of the Day issued to all Units in Delhi Area by the Commander, Major-General Rajendra Singhji.

General Rajendra Singhji addressing the order to every officer and man under his Command says, "I feel the present emergency can only be overcome by every single soldier realizing that the stability of this country is his personal responsibility, both as soldier and citizen."

'SPITFIRES' OVER DELHI

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9, (API): A spitfire squadron has been flying over the entire city and suburbs. Troop reinforcements have arrived and more are expected today.

CARRIAPPA TO BROADCAST

Major-General M. Carriappa will broadcast a talk in Hindustani to the troops of the Indian Army in India and abroad from All-India Radio Delhi on Wednesday September 10 at 8-30 p.m.

PROTECTION OF MINORITIES

KARACHI, Sept. 9, (A.P.I.): Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Communications Minister in the Pakistan Government, has returned here after discussions in New Delhi with Lord Louis Mountbatten, Governor-General of India, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, and other Ministers.

He said to-day that the situation in Delhi was "very bad."

He added that the first priority was being given to peace and the protection of minorities by both the Governments of Pakistan and India.

While in Delhi he toured round the city and visited refugee camps.

CALCUTTA PEACEFUL

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): Calcutta continued to be quiet and normal throughout Tuesday, says a West Bengal Government Press Note issued to-night. It adds: 'Peace brigades made their usual round of the city broadcasting unity and goodwill slogans from propaganda vans.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER'S HOUSE RAIDED

AMRITSAR, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): The house of the Deputy Commissioner was raided by four armed men last night. His armed guard opened fire killing one, who was a local lawyer. Three others made good their escape. One spear was recovered from the compound of the house.

LAHORE, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): Reports of disturbances have been received during the last 24 hours from Karachi and Rawalpindi Railway Divisions, says a press note issued by the N. W. Railway on Tuesday.

PEACE OF SIMLA BROKEN.

SIMLA, Sept. 8. (A.P.I.): The peace of Simla was disturbed this afternoon when a shooting incident occurred in Lower Bazar, a thickly populated area. The victim is reported to be making satisfactory progress.

A stabbing incident, which proved fatal, occurred to-day on the road leading from Lakkar Bazar to Sanjauli.

BAD CHARACTERS DEPORTED.

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): 32 alleged bad characters have been deported from the city following the recent stabbing incidents, and it is announced that if any such incidents occur again, bad characters from the areas where such incidents occur will be deported and collective fines imposed on the areas.

The Deputy Superintendent of Police, Mr. Saryuprasad Mehta, carried out searches in several places in the city to-day in connection with the distribution of leaflets containing pictures and descriptions of atrocities committed in the Punjab and Frontier Province. Four persons were arrested. The office of the local Hindu Mahasabha and the residence of the Working President of the Sabha were also searched, but nothing incriminating was found.

FOUR STABBINGS IN BOMBAY.

BOMBAY, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): In all four stabbings, one of them fatal, were reported on Tuesday, says a press note issued by the Director of Publicity, Bombay.

The incidents occurred in Dongri, Princess Street, Parel and Matunga areas. Altogether 17 arrests, including an alleged assailant, have been made in connection with two of the incidents.

British Cabinet Considers Plan To Step Up Exports

Announcement To Be Made To 2,000 Spokesmen Of Capital And Labour

LONDON, Sept. 9 (Reuter): THE BRITISH CABINET, IN A LONG EMERGENCY SESSION TO-DAY, WAS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE RECEIVED FROM SIR STAFFORD CRIPPS, PRESIDENT OF THE BOARD OF TRADE, A FULL OUTLINE ON HIS PLAN TO EXPAND EXPORTS BY 40 PER CENT.

Sir Stafford Cripps dealt with four major aspects of the situation, it was reported: Stepping up of production of exportable goods, actual targets that can be achieved in different industries, control of capital investments, and the extent to which direction of labour will be necessary.

He will make a "comprehensive announcement" on his plans on Friday to a mass meeting here of 2,000 representatives of both employers and employees in industry.

Fuel Minister, Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, was understood to have given the Cabinet a general report on the dragging Yorkshire coal strike, but it was stated no Cabinet action over this was likely at present.

NO LORDS DEBATE ON ECONOMIC CRISIS

LONDON, Sept. 9, (Reuter): The British Government declined to make a statement on the economic situation in the House of Lords today on the ground that it would be unconstitutional to make one to the Lord while the House of Commons was not sitting.

Viscount Hall, First Lord of the Admiralty, pointed out that after all, the House of Commons was the chamber of the properly elected Parliament of Britain.

He acknowledged that Opposition Peers had used their majority in the Upper House in a "moderate and statesmanlike" way and had given the Government no "real or reasonable grounds" for complaint. For this the Government was grateful and he hoped the Opposition would meet its wishes in this matter.

The Opposition's hope of a full debate faded with the lack of a Government statement and Lord Salisbury advised the withdrawal of the Opposition motion asking about the Government's plans.

COAL CRISIS MAY BRING DOWN LABOUR GOVT.

LONDON, Sept. 8. (Reuter): Mr. Arthur Horner, Communist Secretary of the National Union of Mine Workers, at a press conference to-night warned that a new coal crisis such as Britain suffered last year could bring down the Labour Government.

"It is not even the fate of the Government which is involved, but the fate of the country", he said.

Referring to yesterday's narrow margin in the Grimethorpe miners vote, Mr. Horner said less than 100 men were holding Yorkshire and the rest of the Miners' Union in Britain to ransom, and their attitude was wrecking the whole policy of reforms to which the Union had set itself.

SEVEN KILLED IN KARACHI

KARACHI, Sept. 9, (API): Eight persons were fatally assaulted and seven injured last night and one person was killed this morning in Karachi, it was officially stated.

Curfew has been reimposed in a major area of Karachi with effect from last night for seven nights from 8 p.m. to 6 a.m. Section 144 has been brought into force.

According to the district Magistrate's version last night at about 8 p.m. crowd of 20 to 30 persons attacked passengers in the city railway station, killing three and wounding five persons.

The weapons they used were iron bars sticks which they had apparently picked up from a building under construction nearby. The crowd then killed five more persons and injured another on McLeod Road.

Later there was another case of stabbing in which the victim was injured at about 10-30 p.m. in Nanakwara, in the morning a person was fatally stabbed in the vicinity of city railway station.'

Explaining the strict security measures that have been taken the District Magistrate said large number of plain clothes police has been posted on duty. The plain clothes and uniformed police have been given instructions to try and catch an assailant alive but they have been told to cause injury or shoot down an assailant if they think he will escape."

At 10-15 a.m. the situation was well under control and no other incident had been reported.

Over Lakh And Half Killed In Punjab

BENARES, Sept. 9, (A.P.I.): The number of those killed in Punjab riots was estimated by Mr. Sri Prakasa, Indian High Commissioner in Pakistan at over a lakh and a half He gave this estimate speaking at a dinner here Mr. Sri Prakasa repeated his earlier figure of those who had crossed over from Pakistan to India and "vice versa" at more than ten lakhs and those who were still on the way at over four lakhs.

COMPTON SURPASSES HAYWARD'S RECORD

3,570 Runs In A Season

LONDON, Sept. 9. (Reuter): Playing for South of England against Sir Pelham Warner's XI Denis Compton lived upto the great expectations of his admirers, who almost seemed to demand from him that he should surpass Tom Hayward's 40-year-old record of 3,518 runs in a season.

Mastering a natural but most unusual anxiety, Compton duly completed the 35 runs he needed to do this and he made 86 before being clean bowled. So Compton brought his aggregate to 3,570 the result of 49 innings compared with Hayward's 61.

Yet Compton should have been out when 22, when he gave an easy chance to Gully. In fact the chance was too easy. Ridgway appeared to take the ball surely but to his surprise it dropped from his grasp. That was Compton's only error.

Compton's dismissal was the beginning of the end and Sir Pelham Warner's XI won the match by 26 runs.

LITERACY DRIVE IN PAKISTAN

KARACHI, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.) Pakistan's Education Minister, Mr. Fazlur Rehman, proposes to convene a conference of Education Ministers and Vice-Chancellors of various Universities throughout Pakistan to prepare a programme for a literacy drive all over the Dominion.

The conference is expected to be held in Karachi early next month and will be attended by Provincial Directors of Public Instruction. The Vice-Chancellors of Osmania and Aligarh Universities are also being invited to attend the conference.

China & Burma To Exchange Ambassadors

NANKING, Sept. 9 (Reuter): The Ministry of Foreign Affairs announced to-day that the Governments of China and Burma have agreed to exchange diplomatic representatives with ambassadorial rank. This exchange of Ambassadors, it is stated, will further strengthen the cordial relationship between China and Burma and serve to promote closer cultural and economic ties between the two countries. No appointment has yet been made by either Government.

15,000 LEAVE FOR EAST PUNJAB

MULTAN, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): Nearly 20,000 non-Muslim refugees from Dera Ghazi Khan, Dera Ismail Khan Muzaffargarh and Multan district rural areas have reached Multan city while about 15,000 non-Muslims have already left Multan for the East Punjab.

The refugees are being looked after by the minorities association and the local Sewa Samiti.

Sri Prakasa On Origin Of Riots In Punjab

BENARES, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): Individual British officials must have done acts which accentuated communal differences, but the Labour Government in England supported no such policy, said Mr. Sri Prakasa, High Commissioner for India in Pakistan, at a Press Conference here this morning.

Mr. Sri Prakasa began by explaining how the riots in the Punjab started. He said that in the initial stage some Indian officials did take sides but the Governments did not want any disturbances. They desired to do their best for the minorities in their charge provided, of course, the minorities gave them the fullest allegiance.

Mr. Sri Prakasa concluded: "When I left the Punjab I was satisfied to learn that proper arrangements had been made for the relief of the refugees and for the protection of the property left behind by the owners.

BR. TROOPS BATTLE WITH REFUGEES

Refusal To Disembark On German Soil

HAMBURG, September 9. (Reuter): British airborne troops and military police today battled for an hour with Jewish refugees before breaking their resistance to disembarking on German soil after the months' sea wanderings which ended their attempt to enter Palestine in defiance of Britain's quota regulations.

Steel-helmeted troops went into action armed with high pressure water hoses, steel-tipped truncheons, gas guns and masks, and "walkie talkie" radios for keeping close touch with the shore.

The Jews replied with screaming, kicking, struggling, scathing and above all fanatical hatred.

The total casualties were: "One soldier with a broken wrist, one with a cracked head and one with a cut face. Seventeen of the Jews were injured, the worst having a broken wrist and seven women, four of whom were suffering from hysteria.

Resistance on board the Runnymede Park, third and last of the "Exodus" ships to dock at Hamburg, Mr. Vaughan Berry to one man alone who is said to rule with a "rod of iron".

This man, believed to be called Mordecai Miry Rosman and for 20 years a fanatical Zionist, had organised for battle from the moment the ship left Gibralter, Mr. Berry said.

RING LEADER'S ARREST

And as soon as he was dragged bleeding and battered down the gangway—still battling against overwhelming odds—and off to prison, resistance ended and the ship was cleared.

Trouble started anew at the trains transporting the Jews to camps. They refused food, tried to smash fences and even the iron bars across the carriage windows. They spat at British soldiers and abused reporters, women screamed and flailed their arms.

Then the trains moved off, leaving more than a dozen ringleaders of resistance in Hamburg prisons.

In contrast to the other two 'Exodus' ships which disembarked with only the briefest fighting yesterday and earlier this morning, trouble started on the Runnymede Park after only ten of its passengers had passed down the gangway.

The authorities gave the Jews half an hour, later extended to an hour, before sending in the troops. The first ultimatum was greeted in silence, the second with whistling and jeers.

Then the troops went in, and on shore the sound of swishing water from the hoses mingled with screams, dull thuds and the splintering of smashed wood from across the water.

Ibn Saud's Son Against Partition Of Palestine

SHANNON AIRPORT (Eire), Sept. 9, (Reuter): Emir Faisal, second son of King Ibn Saud and Foreign Minister of Saudi Arabia, reiterated today the Arab's rejection of the United Nation's plan for a partitioned Palestine.

He told Reuter: "The Arabs have agreed that if necessary they will fight and at the moment they can put a sizeable army in the field."

Emir Faisal hoped the majority of the United Nations "will not agree with the Committee's recommendations."

Emir Faisal is on his way to New York by air.

SIND MUSLIMS SINCERE OF SAFETY OF MINORITIES

Haroon's Appeal To Them To Dispel Wrong Impression

KARACHI, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): Declaring that the Muslims of Sind—rank and file—are sincere and solicitous of the safety of the Minorities and maintenance of peace throughout Sind, Mr. Yousuf Abdullah Haroon, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, in a Press statement today said that it was very painful to find that despite complete security in the province some Sikhs and others who had left Sind of their free will were spreading incorrect stories about conditions in Sind. Such incorrect stories were widely spread and insidiously incited different Communities against each other in the Indian Union.

Mr. Haroon added: "I deem it my duty, therefore, to appeal to the Hindu leaders and the Press not to be carried away by these false tales of vilification. It is the duty of all sane and truth loving Sikhs to do everything in their power to dispel the wrong impression and not to spread highly exaggerated accounts to the discredit of all concerned.

"It would also appeal to Sind Muslims not to let such mischievous and misleading propaganda deflect us from the path of our sacred duty to maintain peace and desist from doing anything that may spoil the good record of Sind."

KARACHI PLANES FOR NEW DELHI

Carrying Food Supplies For Refugees Waiting At Palam

KARACHI, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): Twenty BOAC hartered planes left in relays this morning for New Delhi carrying large quantities of food supplies for thousands of Muslim refugees said to be waiting at Palam to be brought to Karachi. These planes on their return flight will bring back refugees.

These foodstuffs which were being packed since last night included bread, chappaties, mutton, fruit milk and eggs. The planes also carried medical aid for the refugees who may have been injured there.

Begum Abdullah Haroon, President of the All-India Muslim League, women section, Mrs. Yusuf Haroon and Muslim girl telephone operators were busy packing the food supplies.

A Women's Relief Committee has been formed to devise ways and means for relief of refugees. The committee has collected Rs. 5,000.

GOVT. TO DEAL WITH RIOTS ON WAR BASIS

(Continued from Page 1.)

and my mind is full with the horror of the things that I saw and that I heard. During these last few days in the Punjab and in Delhi I have supped my fill of horror. That indeed is the only feast that we can have now. And yet, however horrible the things that we may see, we have to face them. We have to prepare for them and we have to conquer them. And so we set about building up an organisation which can meet all these great difficulties that we have to face. We have gone a good long way to building that organisation. Our first objective was to take away to safety all those of our people who looked to us in West Punjab. We thought of our people in the various districts there, in Lyallpur, in Montgomery, in Pindi, in Jhelum, in Multan, in Gujranwalla, in Sialkot, in Jhang, in Sheikhpura, in Gujrat and other places. And we made our preparations to remove them as rapidly and as swiftly as possible by air, by train, by motors transport and by road.

CAMPS FOR REFUGEES

"We also built up great camps for the refugees who came to East Punjab and elsewhere. We also tried to facilitate the evacuation of those who wanted to leave East Punjab for the West. We did all these and we were succeeding in a large measure and this exchange of population, forced on us by circumstances, was proceeding fairly rapidly. And then the other events took place. This trouble spread to some of the southern districts of East Punjab. It spread to Delhi. And here, while I speak to you, Delhi is none too pleasant a place to live in.

"What were the consequences of the spreading of this trouble? It was this, that many of the arrangements that we had made for the rapid evacuation of our people from West Punjab were delayed because, naturally, we had to look to making other arrangements for other districts in East Punjab and in Delhi. So that those people who thought that they were doing something to force the pace, if I may say so, of our work, actually delayed and hindered the very thing they wanted done.

MAD BEHAVIOUR

"It is an extraordinary thing that I have seen. I have seen horror enough and I have seen many people dying. People will die, of course, as they must sometime or other. Death is bad and death is painful but one gets used to death. But there are some things much worse that have taken place. I am ashamed of the things that my people have done and I fear that the disgrace and the consequences of the evil deeds will remain with us for a long time. For evil does not end by evil and you cannot by murder put an end to murder. And yet, somehow, many of our people have thought thus and a maddened populace, influenced day after day by stories of terrible events, has gone completely mad and has behaved as only mad people can do.

"How are we to face this situation? It is absolutely no good just being sorry for it or bemoaning our lot. Let us first realise what the situation is. It is a very serious crisis not only because of the disorder that prevails, but even more so it is a crisis in the soul and spirit of India. Is this the realisation of our dreams of a free India that we have aimed at all these long years?

FIGHT THE EVIL

If this is something wrong—and everyone must admit that it is wrong—then we must fight this evil with all our might and we must convince our people that they are utterly wrong, even wrong from the point of view of retaliation. For even though retaliation is bad, this is not even retaliation. It is something which comes in the way of effective action on helping our own people. And, of course, it disgraces us not only before the world but in our own hearts, and that is a disgrace which takes a long time to overcome.

It is a very serious crisis and it will take time for us to overcome. When I say serious crisis I am speaking not just in military terms for I have little doubt that in the military or police sense we shall overcome it soon. Indeed the military are still masters of the situation and they will be still more masters very soon. Of that I have little doubt. But, surely we are not going to live in India just with the help of the military. Without any self restraint and desist from evil deeds just because of the fear of the consequences of what the military or the police might do to us.

Therefore, I say it is a serious crisis. What kind of India do we aim at. Are we building it or are we doing something which will destroy it.

We must put an end to this bad business. We must have peace and law and order established. We must rescue our people in the West Punjab. We must co-operate in the process of the exchange of population wherever it is necessary. This business of disturbing the peace and murder, killing and arson comes in the way of our so co-operating and carrying out the very thing that these people desire.

NEED FOR FIRMNESS

I want you to consider this matter in all seriousness, to consider what kind of India we are going to leave to our children. If this kind of thing continues and if we are convinced as I am that this bad business must be ended then we must set about it with all the firmness at our command. There can be no softness about it, no gentleness with evil. We have to deal with strength and firmness and even occasionally, if I may say so with bad consequences to the people; I did not wish to use the word cruelty out even cruelty if I may say so. An occasional cruelty may be the gentlest thing in the long run. There has been cruelty enough and callousness and if we allow this thing to continue this will spread and destroy our people and our hopes. Therefore, I do appeal to you all to consider this matter and to come out in the open and help, for we do not want to deal with this purely in the military sense. We want the help of all people of goodwill and good intentions and all those who have any hopes of a free and prosperous India. I want them to come out and help us. I want them to become messengers of good and stop this evil not only in the city of Delhi but all over the surrounding districts and East Punjab, realising that by doing so they will not only help those of our people who are in distress in West Punjab and in peril and in danger of their lives but will be building what we have sought to build for so long.

CONSEQUENCES OF DELAY

Remember this that delay in evacuation from West Punjab endangers our people's lives. Remember this that what is happening in Delhi and some other places is delaying that evacuation, tying up our forces armed and other here in Delhi and elsewhere when they ought to be doing better work elsewhere.

This morning our leader, our master, Mahatma Gandhi, came to Delhi and I went to see him and I sat by his side for a while and wondered how low we had fallen from the great ideals that he had placed before us. I go to the countryside and people with spikes and all sorts of destructive weapons, when they see me, shout Mahatma Gandhi Ki Jai, Jawaharlal Ki Jai. I am ashamed to hear from these people these cries who might have committed murder, loot and arson, in the name of Mahatma Gandhi. It is not by shouting slogans that they will wash off all the evil deeds that they have done. And even we will not get over these evil deeds by just honouring the Mahatma in name. And not following what he had told us all these long years. What is happening now is something directly inimical and so directly opposed to these ideals. The very thought of it shames me and makes me sometimes doubt if all the good work that we have done in these many years is not going to bear fruit at all. And yet that doubt cannot remain for long. For I do believe that good work must bear good results just as I do believe, evil must bear evil consequences.

NEED FOR CO-OPERATION

There has been enough of evil work in this country. Let us put an end to it and start good work and try to follow the great lessons that the Mahatma has taught us.

We want the co-operation of all people of good intentions may be the problem is acute in some areas of Punjab and Delhi. But in a sense it is an all India problem and it is upto the people of India to grip it and stop this rot. Remember that this business may be followed by something or even more terrible, by famine and disease all over the place. As it is, we are living on the verge of famine. We have not enough food and all that has happened has destroyed crops and agricultural lands; our cattle roam about I do not know what the immediate consequences on the food situation might be.

So we have to tighten our belts and be prepared for work, very hard and continuous and co-operative work and I invite you to that. May I also ask you to remember that now we cannot permit army and the like to be branded about in public streets. All that must stop. Whatever we may permit in peacetime we are dealing with a situation which is analogous to war and we are going to deal with it on a war basis, in every sense of the word and there is going to be no loosening in future about dealing with the situation.

(Message Incomplete)

JINNAH'S MESSAGE OF PEACE AT ALL COST

Ghazanfar Ali Khan's Call To League Workers In Lyallpur

LYALLPUR, Sept. 8. (A.P.I.): The peace offensive launched in West Punjab by Pakistan's Food Minister, Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan, was carried in Lyallpur district to-day when he held a heart-to-heart talk with Muslim League workers and National Guards at the District Board Hall.

Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan told the gathering that he was touring in West Punjab as an envoy of Qaid-e-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah to convey to the Muslims his message of peace at all cost.

"The Qaid-e-Azam," he said, "always means what he says."

PERFECT PEACE IN PAKISTAN.

"There are some disruptionists and fifth-columnists among us who may try to put a mischievous interpretation on his appeal for immediate restoration of peace and order in West Punjab. But I assure you that his words do not bear two meanings. The Qaid-e-Azam has called for perfect peace in Pakistan, and he needs it in the interests of our newly-born State and of the Muslim nation."

The Food Minister emphatically impressed upon the Muslim League workers the urgent need for restoration of peaceful conditions in West Punjab and asked them to launch forthwith a vigorous campaign in their respective localities.

APPEAL TO MUSLIM NATIONAL GUARDS.

Addressing the Muslim League national guards, Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan reminded them on the solemn pledge which each one of them had taken while joining the organisation to make the greatest possible sacrifice for the cause of Islam and Pakistan. "With the achievement of Pakistan," he added, "your mission had not completed but rather your responsibilities had increased enormously. Now you are the National Militia of Pakistan, and it is your foremost duty to save the wealth of the country from loot and destruction. The greatest service that you can render to the state to-day is to help in the restoration of law and order".

Mr. Ghazanfar Ali pointed out that properties and goods whether they belonged to Muslims or Non-Muslims in Pakistan formed part of the wealth of Pakistan and any attempt at their destruction or unlawful possession was tantamount to an act hostile to the best interests of the State.

SHOOT-RIOTERS ORDER IN SIMLA

SIMLA, Sept. 9 (U.P.I.): The District Magistrate, Simla, has promulgated a curfew in Simla from 6-30 p.m. to 7 a.m. He has also authorised the police and the military to shoot down anybody caught in the act of rioting or committing arson.

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

The time has come when the peace of the country has become the concern of every citizen in however high and safe a position in life he may be.

Law and order are no longer political questions. They affect the every day life of the common people.

In a recent case we have heard with deep regret and sorrow of the tragic end meted out to one of our good friends, Mr. Ali G. Currimbhoy.

He was a man who had little concern with politics. Perhaps his only passion in life was his evening game of bridge. One begins to wake up and take notice when a man like him has to end his life at the hands of a mob who respect no human being and who have no sense of law, order and human decency.

Therefore, I feel that those of us who are comfortably situated in life should come forward, train ourselves and get mobilised to meet emergencies that may arise.

While the Home Guards are doing splendid work, for some reason or the other they have not attracted the more influential among our citizens.

I feel that the Government of Bombay should move in this matter and raise (or allow to be raised) a strong influential Volunteer Corps of able, respected and influential men of all communities and get them trained, equipped and armed under the direction of the Army to serve whenever needed by the Government.

This corps would not only be useful at the time of crisis and disturbance but it would be able to make its influence felt in the city and ensure that the peace is not disturbed.

Government have on more than one occasion called upon the average citizen to do his bit to restore the peace. But there is very little which an individual can do if he has neither arms nor training.

Such a Corps would attract some of the best available men in this city. A call must be made for volunteers from among Indian, British and even other Europeans and Americans who would be willing to serve.

If Europeans and Americans volunteered for the Spanish Civil War, there must be hundreds who would give a hand to restore peace in India.

This matter demands the urgent attention of the Acting or Permanent Governor, the Prime Minister and the Home Member.

There is little time to lose. Our homes and our people must no longer live in danger of extinction at the hands of irresponsible "goondas".

I would appreciate it if men in the public life of this city would endorse this appeal to Government.

ATOMIC COMMISSION'S PROPOSALS

The Atomic Emergency Commission is now expected in its report to the General Assembly to make the following proposals as approved by 10 of the 12 nations of the Commission.

(1) The International Atomic Agency need not own or manage uranium mines, but must have strict international control of mining operations and the right to establish mining quotas for all nations.

(2) Chemical and metallurgical plants used in processing key atomic ores must be owned and operated by the international agency.

(3) The agency shall own all nuclear fuel stock, and shall have the exclusive right to own and operate dangerous facilities capable of producing nuclear fuel. The agency shall have the right to issue licences to undertakings wishing to use nuclear fuel for peace scientific purposes.

(4) The agency have the exclusive right to promote research and development of atomic weapons. Nations must be prohibited from producing nuclear fuel of radio-active isotopes in such quantity or quality as the agency deems dangerous.

(5) Extensive powers shall also be given to the agency to visit any accessible place where atomic energy production is suspected. Agency inspectors shall have the right to go anywhere without advance notice and also to conduct ground and aerial surveys without hindrance.

AUSTRALIA FOR 'WHITES' ONLY

TORONTO, Sept. 9 (Reuter): Mr. Patrick Kennelly, Secretary of the Australian Labour Party, declared before the Commonwealth Conference of Labour Parties here that the Australian Government believed in a 'White Australia."

"Other people may have different opinions but we will never allow coloured people into Australia," he stated.

There were perhaps 60,000 black Aboriginals left in the country, but "they are a dying race and they are kept on reservations," he said.

Dutch Interim Govt. In Java And Sumatra

THE HAGUE, Sept. 8, (Reuter): The Dutch are shortly to form Interim Governments in the areas they took from the Republicans in the recent fighting in Java and Sumatra, the Calvinist paper "Trouw" reported today. Quoting well-informed circles.

This move will be announced by Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands when she opens the Dutch Parliament on September 16, the paper said.

BOMBAY-MADRAS AIR SERVICE SUSPENDED

MADRAS, Sept. 9, (A.P.I.): The non-stop air service between Madras and Bombay has been suspended until further notice, according to a communication from Air India Ltd.

The Madras-Delhi air service has been suspended until further notice according to an announcement made by Deccan Airways today.

The Delhi plane, which left Madras with passengers this morning, went upto Nagpur and did not continue its onward flight to Delhi. The plane returned to Madras this afternoon.

The plane from Delhi due to arrive in Madras this evening has not arrived so far.

NIGERIA TO RESORT TO C. D.?

Nationalist Delegation To Visit India

LONDON, Sept. 9. (U.P.I.): The militant history of India, Burma and Ceylon served as an inspiration to the nationalist movement in Nigeria.

This was the opinion of the delegation of National Council of Nigeria and Cameroons expressed in a press conference in London today.

The delegation headed by Mr. Namdi Azikwe came to London in July to present to Mr. Creech Jones, Secretary of State for Colonies, a memorandum condemning the present constitution and maladministration in Nigeria and Cameroon and demanding immediate steps towards democratic representation and eventual self-government

Mr. Creech Jones' summary refusal to consider the delegation's proposals caused "wild feelings of anger and disappointment" in Nigeria and a civil disobedience campaign on the pattern of the Indian National Congress had been urged. It was originally suggested that the delegation should tour in India, Russia and other countries to evoke world sympathy but after touring Britain and Irish Free State, the delegation will return to Nigeria on September 24. The delegation intends to visit India at a later date.

MIGRATION FROM SIND

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Sept. 8.

The migration move first started with the Sikh community and was soon followed by Punjabis and men from U. P. and Bihar. But now it has spread to other minority communities including Gujaratis and even Sindhis themselves.

The Bombay Steam Navation Company has put all its passenger steamers at the disposal of the refugees and these steamers have been moving without rest for the last fortnight between Karachi and Okha in Kathiawar—the very first port in Indian territory—and Bombay. Besides, the British India Steam Navigation Company is also running special steamers for the purpose between Karachi and Bombay. Though a number of such steamers have been arranged, the rush of people is so greater that bookings are closed weeks in advance.

Over and above these steamers, a large number of people are leaving by trains also. All trains are overcrowded and the Jodhpur Railway authorities have to arrange specials every now and then to transport refugees assembled at Hyderabad station in thousands.

A number of people are going by aeroplanes also with the result that bookings with these companies have been in advance for a nearly a month.

Udaipur Facilities For Refugees

UDAIPUR, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): Every facility is being given to more than 4,000 refugees, who have come to Udaipur. Arrangements are being made to accommodate about 3,000 more refugees in the districts.

The Maharaja of Udaipur has permitted the use of the State buildings for refugees. Incessant rains are preventing the pitching of tents.

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The above is a picture of a forty-year old historic event. In 1907 the All-India Muslim League was formed at Karachi. The honour of the first presidentship of the League went to a prominent person of the Bohra Community. The first president was Sir Adamji Peerbhoy. A party was given in his honour by the citizens of Karachi in the Karachi Club in 1907. It was attended by League delegates and other prominent citizens. Picture shows: Sir Adamji Peerbhoy, Khalifa Maham ad Hussein, Moulana Shibli, the then Commissioner of Sind and his wife, Nawab Mohasin-ul-Mulk, Sir M. Shafi, Sir Ali Imam.

Nizam Police Lathi-Charge Students

Twenty-Four Injured During Anti-Repression Day

HYDERABAD, Sept. 8 (A.P.I.): The police used tear gas at two different places today to disperse crowds of students, who held demonstrations in observance of the 'Anti-Repression Day' in pursuance of the directive by the All Hyderabad Students Union.

Twenty-four students were injured, two seriously, when police lathi charged the students at Nizam College. The injured were removed to hospital.

Students of several educational institutions collected at Nizam College from where they marched towards Bijli Mahal. Here they were stopped by the police when the students resorted to sit down strike.

It is stated that the students told the police that they would march in batches of four in order to avoid the violation of section 145 of ASAFIA Penal Code whereupon the police demanded the Union flag which they carried should be surrendered. The students replied that they would hand over the flag only if its safety was guaranteed.

The students continued to squat on the ground when the police asked them to disperse. On their refusal to do so the police used tear gas. This caused the students to disperse in different directions many of them returning into college compounds.

The police also lathi charged students and followed some of them into the college premises. The college authorities protested against the police entering the college premises.

One of the constables it is alleged used abusive language against Miss Leelamani Naidu, daughter of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu who is a member of the college staff. Senior police officer subsequently, it is reported, apologised to Miss Naidu for the conduct of the constable.

"SUPPORT THE STRUGGLE"

The students later held a meeting in the compound of the college and adopted a resolution protesting against the police action. The resolution also asked the students "to support the struggle waged for the achievement of responsible Government by democratic forces in the dominions."

The meeting also decided to go on strike on September 9 as a protest against the police action and appealed to the students of other schools and colleges to strike in sympathy.

A message from Mr. Ravendra Varma, President of the All-India Students Congress was read at the meeting which assured of the entire student community in India in rallying behind the State Congress and appealed to the student community of India to observe September 15 as Hyderabad Day by holding meetings and processions throughout India.

FLAG REMOVED

In other parts of the State some schools remained closed today and Hindu students of all schools and colleges stayed away from classes Some shops were also closed.

Another students procession heading towards Sultan Bazar was stopped near the Imperial Bank. The students thereupon squatted on the road. On their refusal to disperse, the police used tear gas which made the students to disperse.

The Sultan Bazar area was cordoned off in the morning. The cordon was removed later in day.

The police, it is reported, removed ten Indian Union flags left behind by the students when tear gas was used on them.

A bulletin issued by the Hyderabad State Congress referring to today's demonstration by the students and use of tear gas by the police in Sultan Bazar area says, goondas, who witnessed the incident also joined the police and attacked the students injuring several, one of them seriously.

SIX ARRESTED FOR RAISING SLOGANS

Six persons were arrested in Sultan Bazar today while they were marching with the Indian Union flags and raising slogans.

BAN ON JOURNALS

HYDERABAD (Dn)., Sept. 8 (A.P.I.): The Nizam's Government has banned the entry of "Andra Prabha" of Madras and "Veer Bharat" an Urdu daily of Lahore, into the state, says an official notification.

STUDENTS OBSERVE HARTAL TO PROTEST AGAINST LATHI CHARGE.

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 9. (A.P.I): A large number of students of the Nizam's college abstained from attending classes today as a protest against the alleged lathi-charge on students by police in yesterday's demonstrations. Hindu students of other educational institutions in the city also abstained from their classes. There were no demonstrations today but the police procautions continue.

Ramananda Tirtha Breaks His Fast

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 8. (A.P.I.): Swami Ramananda Tirtha, President of the Hyderabad State Congress, broke his fast, a Hyderabad State Congress bulletin announced today.

Swami Ramananda Tirtha, was on hunger-strike in Hyderabad central jail since 5th September in sympathy with other political prisoners' hunger-strike the bulletin added.

The law Minister of the Nizam's Government and the Director-General of Police met Swami Ramananda Tirtha and other "satyagrahis" in the central jail and assured them that their demands would be accepted. Other satyagrahis also discontinued their hunger-strike as a result, the bulletin said.

DELHI SUMMONS NAWAB OF JUNAGAD

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Sept. 9.

The Nawab of Junagadh was called by the Indian Dominion Government to Delhi on September 14 but for his illhealth he sent his Dewan Bhuto instead to discuss the present problem of Junagadh. Bantwa State has joined the Indian Union while Sardargadh and Manawadar have been given time upto September 14 to decide whether they would join the Indian Union or not.

Junagadh Dewan Denies Press Reports

RAJKOT. Sept 9. (API): Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto, Dewan of Junagadh, in reply to a telegram from Mr. U.N. Dhebar, Secretary of the Kathiawar Political Conference, Rajkot, denies that there is panic among the non-Muslim popularition of the state. He says, "there is general sense of security and quiet among all the people of Junagadh."

Sir Shah Nawaz adds: "there is no truth in the statement that Sind—his are moving with lathis in streets, nor is there any good ground for the belief that the Muslim jamiyat is allowed to hold meetings., which, in the case of non-Muslims, is considered illegal."

MRS. PANDIT ENTERTAINS JOURNALISTS

MOSCOW, Sept. 9, (Reuter): Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Indian Ambassador to the Soviet Union last night received foreign press representatives at an informal reception at the Indian Embassy in Moscow.

Also present were her daughter, Miss. Chandralekha Pandit, and Counsellor Minister Mr Pai and Mrs. Pai.

Mrs. Pandit leaves for New York tomorrow to lead the Indian delegation at the United Nations' General Assembly opening at Lake Success on September 16.

Sir Stafford Cripps, President of the Board of Trade, attended a farewell reception given to Mr. M. K. Vellodi former High Commissioner for India and Mrs. Vellodi. The reception was held at Caxton Hall, Westminster. Picture Shows: Mrs. Vellodi receiving a young guest, Ranjit Singh, a Sikh from the Punjab.

Burmese Financial Mission For London?

Listowel On Result Of His 10-Days' "Goodwill" Talks With Political Leaders

RANGOON, Sept. 9. (Reuter): The Government of Burma, at the invitation of the British Government, has agreed to send a financial mission to London this month, Lord Listowel, Secretary of State for Burma, disclosed in Rangoon to-day.

Lord Listowel, who is leaving for London to-morrow after a 10 days' Goodwill Mission, told correspondents that the result of his discussions with Burmese political leaders was "that "substantial progress has been made in Articles of the Treaty which will be required to provide for matters arising out of the transfer of power".

He added that one of the most important articles in the projected treaty would necessarily be that dealing with financial matters

Referring to future relations between Britain and Burma, the Secretary of State said: "it is an essential corollary of our policy of transferring complete political power into Burmese hands as speedily as possible that between us we should forge the closest possible link in the future between Britain and Burma I am encouraged by all that I have seen and heard during my visit to Burma to believe our common hopes will be fulfilled.

INTERNATIONAL CONTROL FOR ATOMIC ENERGY

Soviet's Plea For Convention Prohibiting Atomic Weapons

LAKE SUCCESS, Sept. 9. (Reuter): Russia's answers to questions on International control of Atomic Energy put by the British Delegation three months ago give a clear picture of the gulf between East and West on this question.

Russia yesterday voted against all sections of the United Nations' Special Commission's report to the General Assembly on International control, but by a majority of 10 countries the Commission's Political Committee approved the main sections of the report. The Political Committee thus completed action on the broad proposals for setting up and operating an International Control Agency.

In its answers to the British questions made public to-day, the Soviet Delegation insisted that before International control was established there must be a Convention prohibiting atomic weapons.

While the Soviet Government accepted periodical inspection of atomic production facilities—provided this was approved by an International Control Commission—its policy was that inspectors would "normally visit only plants prepared by the Government"

The Soviet was in favour of the proposed Atomic Control Agency having its own inspectors answerable only to the Agency. Other forms of control in the Soviet proposals included accounting checks, the working out of rules for the technical control of atomic plants, requesting information from Governments about atomic production, and submitting recommendations to Governments and to the United Nations Security Council.

The Ville-Parle centre of Home Guards was declared open at P. P. High School on Monday. On the left is the parade and on the right the flag salutation by Lt. Col. Gajendragadkar.

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N. Y. COTTON MARKET MODERATELY ACTIVE

Wave Of Hedge Selling And Liquidation

NEW YORK, Sept. 8, (U.P.A.): Moderately active trading featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange. Prices weakened at the close following a brisk rally after the Government crop estimate. The figure of 11,849,000 bales, although 5,000 bales above the previous report, was however below the general expectations. Traders had discounted lready a figure nearer by 12,000,000 bales and on flurries of covering by room traders and New Orleans professionals, prices moved forward temporarily, but dropped again under the recurring wave of hedge selling and liquidation by longs who had been waiting for the rally. Bullish sentiment was increasingly disheartened by the failure of the market to respond to bullish developments like the strength of other commodities, crop news and broadening demand from textiles. The confidence is still shaken by the poor outlook for exports of American growths and uncertainty over the European political and economic conditions as well as failure of mill buying of spot cotton to broaden. Although the demand from textiles was active, manufacturers had apparently covered their raw material needs for the time being and were confident of obtaining additional supplies at lower prices as the new crop movement gets in full swing.

IRREGULARLY LOWER

Today's session opened 11 lower to nine higher. Prices were jittery in the first hour and then surged up to record net gains of 31 to 45 points after the Bureau report. The demand subsided at the October level of 31.61 and the trend thereafter was irregularly lower with selling gathering momentum in the last hour. Finally, the prices were off 31 to 39 points.

Some covering was noted on expectations of Government acceptances tomorrow on the pending offering of 40,000 bales for shipment to Japan. Other new developments in the export picture included reports that the Indian Delegation at Tokyo last week concluded negotiations for shipment of 170,000 bales of raw cotton to Japan at the beginning of next month. The proceeds from the sale are to be applied against purchases by Indian traders who have already started for Japan. In view of the inability of the market to hold its advances and in view of the impending weight of hedges as harvestings and ginnings expand, and despite all of the recent talk of a possible producer holding movement, dealers are still convinced that sales on sharp rallies still offer the best opportunity.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.

The Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture issues the following estimates in its third crop report of the 1947 season. The Burea of the Census of the Department of Commerce also issues its third ginning report of the season as given below :—

season 1947 (September)

Production in 500 pound bales :— 11,849,000.

Condition : 73 per cent.

Area for harvest (preliminary) 21,143,000 acres.

Yield per acre :—269.0 pounds.

Ginning period to September 1 in running bales : 647,000 the estimated area of area for harvest indicates an abandonment of 1.2 per cent. as compared with 2.9 estimated at this time last year, and an actual abandonment of 3.8 for 1946.

The next crop report will be issued on October 8.

U. S. GOLD EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (UPA).

The Commerce Department today announced that gold exports during the week ended August 13th totalled dol. 1,519,216 while imports amounted to dol. 22,953,003.

Exports including : Venezuela, 28,480: Chile, 1,022,047; Syria 98,883; Philippines, 369,800.

Imports included : Canada, 189,778; New foundland and Labrador, 104,388; Mexico, 204,766; El Salvador, 98; Honduras, 16,951; Nicaragua, 193,838; Ecuador; 149; Peru, 30,199; Billvia 66; Chile, 20,027; Argentina, 14,213,355; Australia, 17,056 and South Africa, 2,332,330.

CHICAGO GRAINS IRREGULAR

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.

Irregular prices featured today's session of the Chicago Commodity Exchange.

Wheat was easier after early strength, dipping under heavy realizing and hedge pressure against expanding Northwest crop receipts.

Corn was active and firm, holding near the record high levels on persistent commercial buying and covering because of the small crop prospect.

GOLD PRICES IN MEXICO

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 8, (UPA): The Mexican Bullion Exchange finished the week ended September 6th on the upswing. Gold prices reached 4.20 for Antiguos, Nuevos and Tejos. Aztecas and Hisdalgos were quoted at 4.16.

Following the trend of the New York market, silver went up to 1.01.

Meanwhile legislation amending the Mexican monetary laws to permit the circulation of silver has been presented to the Chamber of Deputies and the passage of the Government sponsored amendment is considered a certainty.

The Treasury has been minting one and five peso silver coins for the past few months. The total value of the silver coinage to date is reported at about 47,000,000 pesos which is slightly less than dollars 10,000,000.

The Chamber will begin consideration of the proposed legislation early this week and Congressional sources say it will pass it on to the Senate before next Friday.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.

October	31.00—31
December	30.70—39
January	30.65—34
March	30.62—34
May	30.40—33
July	29.70—31
Middling Spot	31.75—26

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.

October	31.00—36
December	30.55—47
March	30.52—40
May	30.30—32
July	29.60—34
Middling Spot	31.00—35

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.

September	2.64-1/4 to 2.64-1/2
December	2.65-1/2 to 2.65-3/4
March	2.64-1/2 to 2.64-1/2
May	2.60-1/4 to 2.60-1/2

LONDON BULLION

London, Sept. 8

Silver Spot	42-5/8 d
Forward	42-5/8 d
Gold	£8/12/3

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 8

T. T. London on :

New York selling 4.0275 buying 4.0325 Madrid 44.00 Montreal selling 4.0275 buying 4.0325 Zurich selling 17.34 buying 17.36 Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50

LONDON WHEAT

London, Sept. 8.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 103 Sept/Oct quoted

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 8.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 pc	34
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	103-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after	102-5/8
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	112-1/4
Victory Bonds 4 pc	112-7/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-7/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (Lon. Reg.)	110
National Bank of India	34-1/4

Transactions on the London stock exchange are officially placed at 9,369

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, Sept. 8.

U. S. Prices of foreign silver 70-1/4 cents

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept. 8.

American Telephone and Telegraph	159-1/2
Amerex holding Co.	29-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	32-5/8
Chase National Bank	34-1/2
Sinclair Oil	15-5/8
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	49-1/4
General Electric Co.	53-1/2
General Motors	56-3/4
Ingersol Rand	117 old
International Nickel	28-1/4
National City Bank of New York	41-1/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	14-1/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16
Texas Corporation	59-1/2 Ex-dividend
Union Carbon and Carbide	103
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	44-1/2
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	68
Western Union Telegraph	23-1/2

NEW YORK SILVER PRICE

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (UPA).

On the New York market today, the price of silver remained unchanged at 70-1/4 cents per ounce.

Dealers said that the supply and the demand remained in fairly good balance.

The volume of business done was estimated at about 200,000 to 300,000 ounces.

BLACK PEPPER QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.

Spot 39.00
September 38.00 bid
Oct. 37.00 bid
Dec. 35.00 bid
Jan. 34.00 bid
March 31.00 bid
Sales Nil.

LONDON SILVER PRICE UNCHANGED

LONDON, Sept. 8 (UPA).

On the London market today, the price of silver remained unchanged at 42-5/8 pence per ounce for both spot and forward.

Trading was reported to be extremely quiet.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Absence Of Demand From Exporters And Mills

BOMBAY, Sept. 5.

The Patel Cotton Co. Ltd. has issued the following weekly report:—

The New York futures market receded somewhat further during the week under review. The market was unsettled due to good rains in the Western belt and better crop forecasts from various private agencies. The weakness is also reflected in easy spot market, especially in the Memphis district.

Exporters are generally pessimistic on the export prospect in view of the world dollar crisis. The spot situation, which at one time seemed very strong, is no longer considered as such because of the inability of many foreign countries to pay for the cotton for want of dollars.

The demand for "Cotton Credit" from U.S.A. is, however, increasing on the Continent, Italy, Germany and Japan have already obtained cotton credits from America and France is also expected to negotiate for it. A report says that the C.C.C. may enter the market for additional 50.000 bales for purposes of exports to Japan.

While I.C.C. September quotes officially at the floor level, unofficial trading continues below. Reflecting the mood of the market, the very first day's tenders against the contract made the huge figure of 26,150 bales. This indicates a striking contrast with the tenders for the preceding contract—I.C.C. July-which were only 6,500 bales on the first tender day and even the total tenders aganst July delivery aggregated only 20,300 bales.

While both the Central and Provincial Governments have already given permission to trade in new crop futures on the basis of existing contracts, a section of the East India Cotton Association was eager to effect certain changes in the provisions of the present contract. In the absence of a complete agreement within the Board of the East India Cotton Association, the Government of Bombay was reluctant to permit any changes in the Hedge Contract without ascertaining the views of various interests. The Board is now understood to mave conveyed to the Government its agreement to start trading for January and March contract on the existing basis and will reconsider the question of any modifications for the future.

According to Karachi reports, the opening of new crop is delayed pending the Pakistan Government's decision regarding their policy as to buying actual cotton if prices should decline to the floor.

SCHEDULE OF PRICES

The Government of India have recently announced the new schedule of prices for cotton. The chief alteration is with regard to the position of Desni cottons in scheme of control. Deshi grown in C.P. and Central India enter the schedule with ceiling at Rs. 425 and basic staple of 5/8". Both Bengal and Oomra Deshi find their ceiling raised by Rs. 75 and Rs. 50 to Rs. 375 and Rs. 425 respectively. Control over Sind Deshi has been entirely removed following a similar announcement by the Pakistan Government. Another change is the creation of a separte class for Vijay, BD 8, B9, 1027 and Farm Broach which are given Rs. 50/- higher floors and ceilings than what is classed as Broach in general. The general level of prices remains unchanged.

Regarding exports for the season 1947-48, the policy of the Government of India appears to be that no restrictions will be imposed till the exports reach a figure of about 15 lakh bales. The Government may have, however, to reconsider their policy of free exports if they find that the export of any types required for home consumption is excessive. The export duty will, in the meantime, continue to ramain at the existing level of Rs. 20/-per bale.

In the ready market at Sewri, trading was very limited, in the absence of demand either from exporters or mills. Premia for new crop N. Ts, however, show a bullish tendency, though official transactions have not yet started. It is reported that the spot market at Karachi is steadier in view of the expectations that a number of ginning factories will remain idle owing to a state of flux prevailing in many cotton growing areas in the Punjao, where moo violence has resulted in a large scale exodus of population, dislocation of transport and damage to property. Export prospects from Pakistan area also aided the steadying influence at Karachi.

Crop developments have been uniformly favourable. Although the week has not furnished the needed break in rain, the condition of plants is healthy so far. Some deterioration will, however, result if there is no bright and clear sunshine immediately.

We have received from our Karachi office the following telegram dated 4th inst:-

"Crop news favourable Sind. First pickings started. No news from Punjab. Trading new crop cotton much restricted owing general nervousness".

City Markets

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Sept. 9.

The Bullion market was steady today with moderate replacement buying by some sold out bulls.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 168/8 but declined at Rs. 167/4. At this level there was renewed buying and the market rallied at Rs. 168. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 168/12. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 110/8 but after declining at Rs. 109/10 improved at Rs. 110. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 110/4 while Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 74.

Later on quotations were as under.

Ready Silver	160	0	0
Forward Silver	168	4	0
Ready Gold	110	6	0
Forward Gold	110	2	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 9.

The Produce market was steady today with moderate speculative activity. Castorseeds May delivery opened at Rs. 125/8 and after improving at Rs. 125/12 declined at Rs. 124/8 and steadied at Rs. 124/12. Ready Rs. 33/8 and Bold Rs. 32/- Groundnuts Khandesh quality Rs. 34/- Bold and Coromandal Rs. 32/8. November/December Khandesh Rs. 28/2 Bold Rs. 27/12. December/January Rs. 27 Bold Rs. 27/2. Oil October Rs. 19/- November Rs. 17/15. Linseed Ready Rs. 30/4. September/October Rs. 29/14 and February/March Rs. 25/14.

Later on Castorseed May delivery were quoted at Rs. 124/6.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Sept. 9.

The Bombay Cotton Market was quietly steady with restricted turnover.

January delivery opened at Rs. 457/8 and declined at Rs. 457, under scattered selling but later rallied at Rs. 457/10 and steadied at Rs. 457/8. March was quoted at a premium of Rs. 7/4.

The market finally closed at 3 p.m. as under:—

I. C. C. January	456	14	0
I. C. C. March	464	2	0

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, Sept. 9.

Coiryarn Beypore 175/185 Quilandy 190/200 Fibre Garbled 150 Ungarbled 140 Cocoanuts Raw 135 Dry 200 Cocoanutoil 500 Copra Office 340 Dilipasand 375 Madrasnottam 475 Pepper Wynaad 610 Country 600 Dryginger Chernad 290 Ernad 280 Coffee Robusta 95 Timber Pali 65/70 Junglewood 25/26 Vellapine 40/45 Benteak 46/50 Teak 80/90 Mangoplanks 4 Teak 15/17 Rosewood 16/20

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, Sept. 9.

Reopening after holidays, the market ruled steady. Textiles showed slightly hardening tendency. Exceptionally Hindustan banks were lower at Rs. 14. In plantings, Chembras were steady. Madura mills and Lakshmy old showed fractional rises. Late in the afternoon, on rumours of disturbances in Delhi Province, market turned quiet.

Following are the quotations :—

SUGAR AND BREWELIES : Deccan 19/6 India Sugar 18 Mysore Sugar 53/8 Travancore 15.. 14/12.

PLANTINGS : Balmidies 2/2 Cochin-Malabar 8/6 Chembra Peaks 9/10 Devashola 16/2 High Produce 29 Kalesa 13 Midland 8 Ouchterlony 10/12 Pullangodes 1/7 Thirumbadi 2/8/6 Waverfalls 2/7/9.

TEXTILES : Bangalore Wool 208 B and C Ordy 310 Cambodia 24/2 Coimbatore Pioneer 595 Dhelialaxmi 201 Janardhana 132 Kothari Tex 40/8 Lakshmi 218 Lakshmi New Vrepeat Lakshmi New 113/12 Mettur 287/8 Madura 85/12 Radhakrishna 360 Rangavilas 140 Trichinopoly 22/2.

MISCELLANEOUS : And Cement 81 Mysore Chem and Eert 14/8 Mysore Paper 16 Mysore Chem Mfrs 16/4 Mettur Chem 11/10.

WORTH SEREET LITTLE AFFECTED BY GOVERNMENT ESTIMATE

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (UPA).

Dealings during today's session of the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market were little affected by the Government crop estimate, with leading sellers of print goods reporting that buyers were hot after the goods before the report and righ after.

400 INDIAN STUDENTS ARRIVE IN LONDON

LONDON, Sept. 9 (Reuter): About 400 Indian students— the largest number since the outbreak of war—have arrived in London by the steamship "Strathmore."

A number of Indian girl students were also in the party.

Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, the High Commissioner for India in Britain was present at Tilbury docks to receive the students.

Malik Sir Khizr Hyat Khan Tiwana, former Premier of the Punjab and a large aumber of British civil servants who served in India arrived in the same ship

TRAVANCORE CONGRESSMEN RELEASED

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 9, (API): Fifty-eight Congressmen undergoing sentences of imprisonment were released in three batches from the Central Jail, Trivandrum, in the last two days Mr. Mannathu Padmanabha Pillai and Mr. Sankar Thampi, undergoing sentences on charges of sedition, were among those released last evening.

Possession Of 'Kukri' By Gurkhas

Exemption From Licence Allowed By Govt. Of India

NEW DELHI, Sept. 8, (A.P.I.): Representations have been made to the Government of India from time to time against the imposition of restrictions on the carrying and possession of kukris by Gurkhas in certain parts of India, says a communique. The Government of India feel that the practice of possessing and carrying of the kukri by the Gurkhas should be uniform throughout the Union of India. The present legal position under the Indian Arms Act and rules regarding the possession and carrying of kukris by Gurkhas is that in all provinces, except the (East) Punjab and the Delhi provinces and the Ajmer city municipality the kukri is exempt from all the prohibitions and directions under the act and the rules unless a provincial Government, under their discretion, impose any or all of the prohibitions and directions by notification in the official gazette. In the provinces of the (East) Punjab and Delhi, Gurkhas, other than members or ex-members of the Indian army, are not, at present, allowed to possess or carry kukris.

In view of the position that the kukri is the national weapon if not the religious symbol of the Gurkhas, the Government of India feel that there is a good case for the exemption of Gurkhas of all classes from taking out a licence for carrying and possessing the kukri. They have therefore been pleased to decide that the prohibitions and directions in the Indian Arms Act and Rules in this respect should be withdrawn in respect of all classes of Gurkhas from the provinces and the areas also in which they are at present operative, subject to the exigencies of law and order and subject also to the discretion enjoyed by the provincial Governments, etc., in the matter of retaining, by notification in the official gazette, all or any of the prohibitions and directions contained in the Indian Arms Act and Rules in this behalf.

RUSSIA AND IRAN'S OIL

Adverse Comments In Persian Press

(From Our Correspondent.)

TEHERAN, (By Mail).

The political situation here is at present very foggy, and all discussions centre around the oil concessions to Russia. Radio Moscow has of late been expressing its views rather virriolically about the Shah and the Government of Iran, and this has evoked much adverse and indignant comment in the local press. The Majlis, or Iranian Parliament, which was declared official just a few days back, has now split into two rival groups: about 78 belonging to the Prime Minister's Democrat Party of Iran, and 36 to the Opposition, which has lately been calling itself the 'National Unity Party'. The total number of deputies is 136. In view of the fact that these thirty-six opposition deputies voted against Ahmed Ghavam's reappointment to the post of Premier, the latter has taken strong objection to this and has threatened to refuse acceptance of the Royal Firman which was given him a couple of days earlier.

NO REFORMS YET

The political circles of Teheran behind Ghavam's latest action: one, behind Chavam's latest action, one, he wishes to avoid the responsibility of the outcome of the oil concession bill in the Majlis, the other, Ghavam wishes further to strengthen his own position by rallying the nation around him in the belief that now that he is threatening to abandon the helm of State, the Iranian people must realise there is no other person to succed him. Actually, it seems very doubtful that Premier Ghavam will maintain his recent decision, as the past year has shown that he has very assiduously and jealously held on the reins of Government. One facter in favour of the opposition is that none of the much mooted general reform plans have been implemented yet, in spite of the fact that Ghavam's Party and the Iranian Radio have for the past eighteen months been assuring the people of this country that no Government so far has had the interests of the nation more at heart. Premier Ghavam's choice of not-always honest and efficient officials has been another factor conducing to his unpopularity—if the local press is to be given any credence at all.

* * *

The Majlis, this week sent messages of congratulation and goodwill to the leaders of the newly formed Dominions of India and Pakistan, and much agreeable comment on the freedom of the peoples of India has been carried by newspapers here.

MYSORE PUBLIC AWAIT LEADERS' RELEASE

Reaction To Maharaja's Message: Crowds Wait At Jail Gate And Disperse Disappointed

BANGALORE, Sept. 8 (API): While Mysore Congress leaders are in jail and no authoritative reaction is available, the question is being asked as to how far the Maharaja's message promising a full responsible Government in the State today meets the Congress demands.

The Congress sympathisers analyse the position that the four basic demands of the Congress are: (1) Responsible Government; (2) Constituent Committee to frame a constitution; (3) An Interim Government enjoying confidence of the Legislature and (4) the release of political prisoners.

The message of the Maharaja for the first time proclaims clearly his intention that a new constitution should provide for the establishment of a responsible Government and hence the first demand of the Congress should be deemed granted.

The second demand is also conceded when the message recognises that besides the consultative Committee "such other bodies as may be found necessary" may be consulted by the Dewan in framing the new constitution. But there is no mention about the third and fourth demands.

The Congress-minded people point out that without the announcement about the release of the members of the Congress Working Committee, the Maharaja's message would not commend itself to the public attention

RELEASE LEADERS

Mr. Bhoopalam Chandrasekhariah, a Hindu Mahasabha worker in a statement today welcomed the announcement made by the Maharaja of Mysore as "memorable" and appealed the Maharaja to release the Congress leaders and cancel all the prohibitory orders so that the spirited goodwill message may reach all the corners of the State.

Mr. Bhoopalam also appealed the Dewan and the State Congress President to come to an amicable settlement.

Mr. Vinkaji Rao, the representative of the Trade and Commerce in Mysore Legislative Council, said that the "message" did not seem to satisfy the aspirations of all sections of people. The people of Mysore expected that the Mysore State should go a step further than the Travancore State.

He added "one finds no specific reference to an early creation of a constituent Assembly elected by the Legislature to submit the proposals for a new constitution"

Mr. N. L. Upadhyaya, Secretary Karnatak Communist Party, said that apart from a vague reference to the responsible Government, the announcement did not make any reference either to an Interim Government or to the Constituent Assembly to frame a new constitution. Both these demands of the State Congress have been rejected. He added that this "message" would be rejected by all the people.

JOINT RESPONSIBILITY

BANGALORE, Sept. 8 (A.P.I.): The "message" of the Maharaja of Mysore promising the establishment of a responsible Government in the State was read today to the consultative Committee constituted by the Dewan to advise him in framing the new constitution.

It is understood the Committee unanimously resolved that the Cabinet in the new constitution should have joint responsibility and should be removable by a vote of no confidence passed by the Legislature.

The Committee was of the view that the Legislature should be bicameral, the lower house having control of finances.

The Consultative Committee having a strength of fifteen members has on it the representatives of various parties in the Legislature except the Congress. The Congress Party which is the largest in the Legislature boycotted the Consultative Committee as an "unrepresentative Committee"

PUBLIC AWAIT RELEASE

BANGALORE, Sept. 8 (API): Soon after the message of the Maharaja promising responsible Government within a short period was broadcast, a large number of crowds gathered in front of the Central Jail in expection of the release of the Congress leaders detained there but later on the crowd dispersed disappointed as no such decision was arrived at by the State authorities.

MYSORE FIRING

BANGALORE, Sept. 8 (API): The official version of the incidents in Bangalore cantonment area today says, "At 9 a.m. firing in self-defence was resorted to when huge crowds defying the curfew threw stones at the police and injured a police patrol party and tried to overpower them. Another police party that had come to the rescue of the former party was attacked by two huge crowds one from Sepping Road and another from Thimayya Road. They threw stones and tri to overpower the police. Police had to open fire in self-dence here also.

A crowd of over thousand strong attacked a small police party at the junction of Commercial Street and Civalry Road, threw stones and tried to overpower them. They tried to rush into Commercial Street. Firing in self-defence was resorted to here also.

In all nineteen persons received injuries as result of firing and 4 died. Curfew is in force in the affected area and the situation is quiet.

NO FLOW OF GOLD FROM SWITZERLAND

National Bank Stops Selling 20-frank Coin

ZURICH, Sept. 9 (Reuter): The Swiss National Bank has now officially stated that it has ceased to coin and sell to the people the 20-franc gold coin which for the last few days has been available only in the black market.

In recent weeks liquidation of dollar holdings for purchase of gold in Switzerland became so intensive that a sharp recession of the dollar rate resulted.

The bank in an official statement gave the following reasons for its action:

Hitherto gold coin has been circulated as a means to absorb gold which was accumulating as a result of Switzerland's active monetary balance, preventing undesirable inflation of the amount of ordinary tender in circulation.

Recent currency developments in numerous foreign countries had led to vastly increased demand for gold and since Switzerland was the only country selling gold to the general public she naturally became the focal point of the demand for gold, so that coins issued by the Swiss National Bank had become an instrument of international speculation and smuggling.

While allowing for the legitimate requirements of international trade and certain domestic industries it became necessary in the future interest of Swiss export trade to end these issues and canalise the flow of gold from the Swiss National Bank.

In the men's singles, second round, Sumant Misra (India) defeated John Olliff (Britain) 6-1, 2-6, 6-0, 9-7.

The match between Misra and Olliff was of country-house standard. Misra's best shot was the forcing cross-court forehand

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Wanted an L.C.P.S. or a B. Pharm. to sell pharmaceuticals of Sarabhai Chemicals in Bombay. Salary upto Rs. 200/- p.m. plus allowance and bonus. Apply sharp to the Employment Officer, Western India Prospecting Syndicate Ltd., Post Box No. 28, Ahmedabad. 5156

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NOTICE

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED (Incorporated in England, the liability of Members being Limited)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 12th September to 27th September, 1947, both days inclusive. (5109)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of CHIEF ENGINEER in a State having experience of Irrigation as well, in the grade of Rs. 400 to 600; apply with copies of testimonials, age, qualifications, experience, etc. to Box No. 5040, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Special Item costing over Rs. 10,000/- Class I Contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on 17th October, 1947 at 12 o'clock noon.

Tender No. SP/F/Eb2 XL92 for the supply of 125 Nos. Cistern Flushing.

Tender forms and drawings can be obtained from the under-noted officials on payment of the following charges, to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

(a) Tender forms at Rs. 5/- per copy from the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.

(b) Dy. Chief Mechanical Engineer, Lillooah's Drg. Nos. XL-92, 464, 465, 298, 330, 100, 287, 289 and 313 at -8- per copy from Dy. Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender forms to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawings to Dy. Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooan, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the Tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER. 5155

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE.
Special Item costing over Rs 10,000/- Class I Contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on 17th October, 1947 at 12 O'clock noon.

Tender No. SP/F/Genl/13 for the supply of 24000 Nos. Floor Board Halflap 9'-6" x 7" x 2" Hard Wood, 12200 Nos. Floor Board Halflap 9'-0" x 7" x 2" Hard Wood and 605 Nos. Packing Bolster 9'-5" x 15¾ x 3½" Hard Wood.

Tender form can be obtained from the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 5/- to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender forms to the Controller of Stores, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the Tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER. 5143

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts in the University Library. Graduates and persons, who have had experience of work in a library will be given preference. The applications containing the details of academic career and previous experience, and accompanied by testimonials should reach the undersigned not later than the 30th September, 1947:

(1) Junior Steno-typist (75-5-160)
(2) One Clerical Assistant (50-5-115-E.B.-5-160)
(3) One Filing Clerk (50-5-115-E.B 5-160)

For (2) and (3), graduates will be started in the scale at Rs. 75/-. Persons appointed will be on probation in the first instance for a period of six months and will be eligible to the benefit of dearness and other allowances admissible under the rules.

D. N MARSHALL.
Ag. University Librarian. 5150

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SEVENTH LOCAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India on the Branch Register of Shareholders kept at the Bombay Local Head Office of the Bank will be held at the Bombay Local Head Office, Apollo Street, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of September, 1947, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time) for the purpose of electing two persons to be members of the Local Board to fill the vacancies caused by the retirement of Sir Sorab Saklatvala and the Hon'ble Sir Rahimtoola M. Chinoy who go out of Office at such Meeting but, being eligible offer themselves for re-election.

By Order.
J. ROBERTSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay

Bombay, 17th July, 1947. 4951

ROYAL WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB, LTD.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Indian Nationals for the position of Secretary to the Royal Western India Turf Club. Salary Rs. 2,000 to Rs 2,500, according to experience and qualifications, with a free house or a House Allowance of 10 per cent.

Applications stating age and qualifications should reach the Secretary, Royal Western India Turf Club Ltd., Poona, by 25th September, 1947. 5102.

PUBLIC NOTICES

DISPOSALS
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES
Office of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals)
Mercantile Chambers, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

AUCTION NOTICE

APPROXIMATELY 900 tons of STEEL WIRE ROPE black and galvanised of various sizes will be auctioned at the following places:

	Date and Time.	Location
1)	11-9-1947 — 10 A.M.	Tank Bunder Transit Depot, (Near Sewri Police Station), Sewri, Bombay. (Approx. 300 tons.)
2)	12-9-1947 — 10 A.M.	Nos. 3 and 4 Sea Transport Godown, Wadala (Sewri). (Approx. 600 tons.)

Auctioneers:—Messrs. BENNETT & CO. 120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Permits to view the stores will be issued by this office. Inspection of the stores at site will be arranged by the Sea Transport Civilian Stores Officer, 10, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Terms of sale and further particulars can be had from this Office or from the Auctioneers. (4985

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS
SALE OF X-RAY SETS AND EQUIPMENT

X-Ray Sets and Equipment, as described below, are available for sale by the Directorate General of Disposals, to Radiologists, Hospitals, and dealers in X-Ray goods.

All stores are located at the Army Medical Stores (India), Poona.

	Stores	Quantity available	Minimum bid
1.	Philips Centralix, Portable type	4	1
2.	Mobile Metalix, Standard D Bed side type.	1	1
3.	D. 3.38 X-Ray Set.	17	1
4.	F. 3.35 X-Ray Set.	19	1
5.	Solus 90/30 Apparatus.	2	1
6.	Tube Victor CDX-3 Replacement for DRF Apparatus.	50	5
7.	Tube Victor D-17 Replacement for D. 3 38 and demountable Apparatus.	30	3
8.	Tube Insert Metalix	7	1
9.	Tube X-Ray Metalix 2/6 K.W., double focus.	1	lot
10.	Tube Head Ureka Complete Bed side for 'Solus' Unit.	2	lot
11.	Tube X-Ray XP	1	lot
12.	Tube Insert Replacement Eureka, for Solus 90/30 Apparatus.	6	2
13.	Tube X-Ray Victor RB-3	3	1
14.	Tube X-Ray Victor GRB. 245	1	lot
15.	Valve Rectifying, Philips Metalix,	1	lot
16.	Valve, Newton & Wright X-Ray No. 287.	1	lot
17.	Picker Portable 80/15.	1	lot
18.	Generator Sets with regulator.	12	1

Offers in sealed covers, superscribed "Tender for X-Ray Equipment", and accompanied by a receipt for 10 p.c. of the price quoted, deposited in Imperial Bank Reserve Bank of India, or Government Treasury, should be forwarded to the Directorate General of Disposals, Miscellaneous Stores Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, to reach on or before September 25 1947. Offers will remain open for acceptance until October 25, 1947.

Stores may be inspected at site on production of a permit obtained from the nearest Regional Office of the D.G.D.

Sales will be subject to the general conditions of contract given in Form Con. 117.

Issued by
THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS,
NEW DELHI. 5151

THE ASIAN ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED. BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-SIXTH ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Asian Assurance Co., Ltd., will be held at the Company's Registered Office, Asian Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) on Monday, the 29th September, 1947, to transact the following business.

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Revenue Accounts and Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December, 1946.
2. To elect Directors in place of those retiring by rotation, but who are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
4. To transact such other business as may be permitted by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board,
T. M. KAJIJI.
Managing Director.

Bombay, 22nd August, 1947.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 22nd September to 5th October, 1947, both days inclusive.

This Notice is addressed more particularly to:

Mrs. Octaviana D'Souza, R. C. Jail, Executors of S. P. G. Gandhi, Dr. Joaquim Vellozo, G. Manchand, C. I. Monteiro, S. B Gandhi, Mrs. R. Parmanandhan, Rev. Fr. Vincent D.C., J. H Gomes, O. G. Ferreira, P S. Figueiredo, T. Thomas, Rev. Fr. Boniface, J. A. L. G. de S. B Pinto, Miss K. J. Anna, Memon O. A. H. Abdulla, J. T. Chittothora, F. M. Ismailjee, J. V. Rangel, C. Joseph Padaythy, A. G Ollukaran, S. V. K. Konderthu, C. K. Mathew, Rev. K. A. Akhora, K. J. Therathil, Rev. T. Kurialachery, B. F. Mendes, Dr. J. L. F Misquitta, J D. Da Costa, Joshi J. H., Rev. G. Jacob, P. C. Fialho, J. F. de Sequeira, M. S. Kandewal, G. Sharma, S. do R. de Graca Pimenta, A. G. Patel, M. H. Mahatme, M. D. Patel, L. M. Fernandes, M. M. Vora, A. K. M. Raja, Mrs. L. P. Noronha, L. Danabhai Shah, P. Vallabhram, A. V. M. M. S. Iyer, P. R. I. Rama Iyer, S. A. S. Iyer, R. Rothi, D. A. Brahman, S. Pragdass, B. Parekh, Shivdass R. Karnani, S. B. Lakhani, K. Lunker, J. K. Srivastava, Shiam Bihari Lall, M. Tandan, H. R. Munim, D. Phoondilal, I. J Jadivala, V. D. Sharma, R. J Brahman, I. H S. Khan, G. Bahadurmal, T. K. A. Joseph, S. R. Pandya, G. C. Veerayya, D. Basavariya, J. P. Affonso, A R. Bhasin, A C. Dave, A. J. Parmar, D. M. Pathak, V. C. Bhatt, H. D. Soni, K. L. Chavda, G. B. Soni, W. D. D'Cruz, T. D. Mehta, S. G. Patel, P B. Parikh, N. Nagabhushanan, D M Solanki, G. C Dave, B. Fernandes G. D. Dave, H. E Jivanji, G. Somani, D. L. Misher, P. A. Joseph, Estellita F. S. C. D'Souza, V. C Chempanthara, K. V. Sheth, Mrs. J da Silva Rebello, N. C. Dalal, K Natarajan, Mrs. L. F. da Piedade Abranches, S. Sitaram, Jayantilal Popatlal, Mrs. H F. Sevilha e Souza, N. M. Surati M. N. Bhagdev, J A. Rahman, A R. H Mohamed, Bhagwan Gujadhar, N. A. N. Mesquitta, C. T. Trivedi, A. Carvalho, V. V. Naique Rasalkar, B. M. Majumdar, J. N. Safaya, M. B. Naik.

FIRST CLASS GRADUATES

APPLICATIONS are invited by graduates with the following essential qualifications:

1. A first class degree in engineering, or science, or economics.
2. Age between 25 and 30 years.
3. Interested in industrial development.

Applicants should submit photographs and full details under the following headings:

1, Age and birth place.
2. Height and weight.
3. Schools attended, with dates.
4. Universities attended, with dates.
5. Degree, or degrees, taken.
6. All posts held, with dates and salaries.
7. Main professional interests.
8. Date when free to join.
9. Married or single, number and age of children.

Starting salary between Rs. 500 and Rs. 600 depending on age, with annual increments of Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,000 per mensem. Apply to Box No. 5124, "Bombay Chronicle".

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Special item costing over Rs. 10,000/- Class I Contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on the 17th October, 1947 at 12 o'clock noon

Tender No. SP/F/Eb1/BW-47 for supply of 156 Nos. Beam Brake to Drawing No. BW-47.

Tender form and Drawing can be obtained from the under-noted officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

(a) Tender form at Rs. 5/- per copy from the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.

(b) Drawing Nos. BW-47 from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway Lillooah at Re. 0-8-0 per copy.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawings to the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, Lillooah, direct by Money Order. No refund is permissible after payment

Sealed tender delivery by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the tender box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER 5148

THE HIRJEE MILLS LTD.,

Fergusson Road, Lower Parel.

TENDERS ARE INVITED till the 13th September 1947 for the disposal of Waste Cotton for the month of September. Interested parties may apply on the above address for necessary forms available at the Office. 5158

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of the LABOUR OFFICER. Only LL.B.'s with good academic career and preferably having experience of industrial matters may apply stating terms to: The MANAGER, Jubilee Mills, Ahmedabad. 5154

PROCLAMATION.

BOMBAY TO WIT—By virtue of a Precept to me directed I hereby proclaim and give notice that the Fourth Sessions of 1947 of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay at the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the 10th September, 1947, at 10-45 o'clock in forenoon for the trial of all trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and offences committed within its Jurisdiction. (For further particulars see Bombay Government Gazette, Part II, dated 28th August 1947, page 847).

Dated this 6th September, 1947.
(Mrs.) MITHAN J. LAM,
Sheriff of Bombay.

N.B.—Special Jurors summoned for the ensuing Criminal Sessions which will commence on WEDNESDAY the 10th September, 1947, as proclaimed above, are required to attend the High Court on that day at 10-45 a.m. (S.T.), on the 2nd floor, Room No. 46. Common Jurors summoned for the said Sessions need not attend on that day but must watch the papers to see when their attendance is next required.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1947.
M. J. L. 5132

THE BOMBAY UGANDA COMPANY, LIMITED
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 28th ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 28, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay on FRIDAY, the 26th September, 1947 at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business.

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1946.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which the chairman may bring before the meeting.

NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, 22nd September, 1947 to SATURDAY, 4th October, 1947, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C PARAKH & CO.,
Managing Agents.

28, Apollo Street,
Bombay, 29th August 1947.

N.B.—The Dividend if sanctioned will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office, 28, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay on and after Monday, 15th October, 1947 to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register on 22nd September, 1947, to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted to their registered addresses. Intimation of any change of address should be given to the Company immediately. 5161

B. B. & C. I. RLY.
No. T-LP/25

Asstt. Controller Grainshops,
B. & C. I. Rly., Freelandgunj.

Dohad, D/- 6-9-1947.

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS are invited on the prescribed form GS. 203 for the purchase of the following:—

S. No.	Commodities	Quantity required in B.Mds. for Dohad	Godhra
1.	Urad whole	5	2
2.	Moong whole	10	5
3.	Masoor whole	—	45
4.	Val	10	2
5.	Chawli	30	5
6.	Math	—	30
7.	Watana	350	50
8.	Toor dal oiled	400	300
9.	Toor dal plain	400	—
10	Urad dal	300	200
11	Moong dal oiled	400	50
12	Moong dal with husk husk	200	50
13	Masur dal	300	100
14	Groundnut oil	600	300
15	Til oil	50	20
16.	Red chillies	125	40
17.	Dry cocoanuts (halves)	125	40
18.	Dry ginger	10	3
19.	Haldi	20	—
20.	Dhania	35	10
21.	Jeera	13	—
22.	Black Murrich	12	4
23.	Garlic	200	5
24.	Onions	700	200
25	Potatoes	500	150

Tenders closing on 15-9-47 at 10-30 Hrs. in the office of the Asstt. Controller Grainshops, B. B. & C. I. Rly. Freelandgunj, Dohad.

Tender forms and terms can be had from the office of the Asstt. Controller Grainshop Department, Freelandgunj, Dohad on application.

ASSTT. CONTROLLER,
Grainshops, Dohad. 5159

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. JAYANTILAL KALIDAS, adopted son and the sole heir and legal representative of the deceased Kalidas Govindji of Ville Parle has contracted to sell to my client a portion admeasuring 639 S. Yards and known as plot No. 36 A. Out of plot No. 36 of the T. P. Scheme No. 1, with building and structures thereon at Ville Parle and all or any person having any right or claim over the same by way of inheritance, gift, sale, trust, lease, lien, charge, exchange, possession, maintenance, easement or of any other kind whatsoever are hereby required to give information of the same to the undersigned in writing within 14 days from this date, failing which such right or claim will be treated as given up and the sale will be completed.

MAHESH N. MAJMUNDAR,
Advocate.
27, Picket Road
Bombay 2. 5157

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 22 TYPEWRITERS of well-known makers such as Remington L.C. Smith Royal, etc., Bicycles, Porcelain Basin, Lavatories, Wash Basin, etc on SATURDAY, 13th Inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Mercantile Chambers, Ballard Estate, under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit, balance in 7 days, delivery in 21 days in default, money and goods will be forfeited.

GANDHI & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
I. C. No. 18 of 1947

In the matter of the INDIA COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913, and

In the matter of the NATIONAL SECURITY BANK LIMITED (in Liquidation).

MOHAMED HASSAM ABDULRAHIM ..... Petitioner.

MEETING OF CREDITORS AND CONTRIBUTORIES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Liquidator will hold a Meeting of the Creditors of the abovenamed Bank in his Office, in His Majesty's High Court, Bombay on MONDAY, the 29th day of September, 1947 at 12 noon to consider whether a Committee of Inspection shall be appointed to act with the Official Liquidator and who are to be the members of such Committee if appointed and will also hold a Meeting of the Contributories of the said Bank in his said Office on the same day at 1 P.M. to consider the decision of the Creditors arrived at at the previous meeting.

R. MATHALONE,
Official Liquidator
The National Security Bank Ltd. (In Liquidation).
H. M.'s High Court,
Bombay, 5th Sept. '47 5152

PAVE THE WAY TO HEALTH

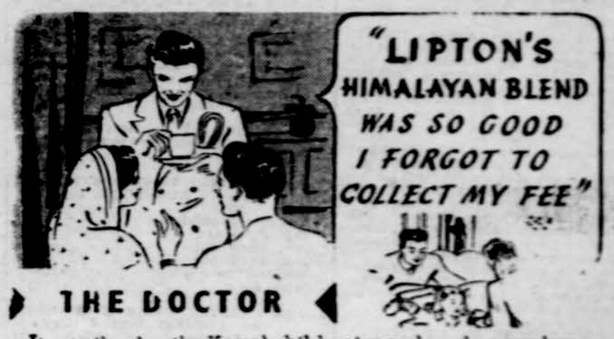
In the exhausting heat and strain of modern times a nerve tonic is most necessary for the perfect functioning of the body system. That is precisely why Vinkola was produced. It paves the way to health by giving you added nourishment and vitality.

UP FOR THE Races?

Between race days, visit Poona's famous beauty spots in one of our luxurious cars.
Drive yourself or we will supply a driver.
Either way, the car is entirely yours, to come and go in as you please. Terms moderate.
Telephone or write for particulars today.

AUTO HIRERS
No. 19 National Hotel Opp. Railway Station POONA
Telephone No. 9/1080
also: Pratt's Building, Hughes Road, Bombay.

LIPTON ENTHUSIASTS:1



THE DOCTOR

It was the day the Kamal child got measles—I remember it quite clearly. I had made 17 calls in the evening I called on them in their new house. I recommended treatment for their baby—and then they offered me a cup of tea. It was very welcome and quite delicious; of course I had to ask what the brand was—it was **Lipton's Himalayan Blend**. Since that day I have always prescribed this fine quality, economical tea for my own household. In fact I was so pleased with my discovery that I forgot to send in my bill for that call.

LIPTON'S
Himalayan Blend
CHOICE DARJEELING TEA
LTK 120

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